The Columbian.

VOL. 2.....NO. 21. BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, MAY 22, 1868. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

STOVES AND TINWARE.

JACOB METZ, dealer in stoves & tinware, Main st., above court house. vi-nl1

A. M. BUTTERS, stoves and tinware, Rupert block Market, west of Market. vi-nl6

REV. A. HARTMAN, Stoves, Tinware of all kinds, Spouting etc. First store on West end of South Main street. v2-n17

CLOTHING, &C.

D. LOWENBERG, merchant tailor, Main st., 2d door above American house. vi-n16

J. W. CHEMBERLIN, wholesale and retail dealer in clothing, etc.; Hartman's building, Main street. vi-n11

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &C.

L. N. MOYER, druggist and apothecary, Exchange block Main st. vi-n17

F. P. LUTZ, druggist and apothecary, Rupert block, Main st., west of Market. vi-n17

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &C.

LOUIS BERNHARD, watch and clock maker, near southwest corner Main and Iron sts. vi-n17

C. E. SAVAGE, dealer in clocks, watches and jewelry, Main st., nearly opposite American house. vi-n17

R. CATHCART, watch and clock maker, Market st., below Main. vi-n16

BOOTS AND SHOES.

C. M. BROWN, boot and shoemaker, Main street opposite Court House. vi-n13

A. SOLLEDER, manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes, Main st., opposite Episcopal church vi-n11

HENRY KLEIM manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes, groceries etc., East Bloomsburg Main st. vi-n13

DAVID RETZ, boot and shoemaker, Main st., below Hartman's store, west of Market street. vi-n13

PROFESSIONAL.

J. R. EVANS, M. D. surgeon and physician south side Main st., below Market. vi-n13

D. B. F. Kinney surgeon dentist, teeth extracted without pain. Main st., nearly opposite Episcopal Church. vi-n10

J. M. McKELVY, M. D, surgeon and physician south side Main st., below Market. vi-n12

J. C. RUTTER, M. D. surgeon and Physician, Market st., above Main. vi-n12

D. H. C. HOWER, surgeon dentist, Main st., above court house. vi-n13

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law, office Hartman's building, Main Street. vi-n13

MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.

MISS LIZZIE BARKLEY, milliner, Ranney building, Main st. vi-n11

MISS A. D. WEBB, fancy goods, notions, books, stationery, north side Main street below Market. vi-n13

E. PETERMAN, millinery and fancy goods opposite Episcopal church, Main st. vi-n13

MRS. JULIA A. & SADE BARKLEY, ladies cloaks and dress patterns, southeast corner Main and west st. vi-n13

MISS M. DERRICKSON, millinery and fancy goods Main st., opposite Court House. vi-n11

MRS. M. B. FURMAN, milliner, Main st., below Hartman's store, west of Market st. vi-n13

THE MISSES HARMAN millinery and fancy goods, Main street, just below American House. vi-n11

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

J. LEACOCK, oyster and eating saloon, American House, Main st., Baltzer Lemcke superintendent. vi-n16

WIDMYER & JACOBY, confectionery, bakery, and oyster saloon, wholesale and retail, Exchange block, Main st. vi-n16

COX & WEBB, confectionery, bakery, and oyster saloon, wholesale and retail, Main st., just below Iron. vi-n16

EXCHANGE HOTEL, by Koons & Clark, Main st., opposite court house. vi-n13

AMERICAN HOUSE, by JOHN LEACOCK, Main st., west of Iron street. vi-n13

FORKS HOTEL, by C. W. MAUGER, east end of Main st. vi-n13

B. STOHNER, refreshment saloon, Main st., (first above court house. vi-n16

KOONS & CLARK, refreshment saloon, Exchange hotel. vi-n16

WM. GILLMORE, refreshment saloon, Shive's block south side Main st. vi-n13

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

E. JACOBS, Confectionery, groceries Main st., above Court House. vi-n11

S. H. MILLER, dealer in dry goods, groceries, queensware, flour, salt, shoes, notions, etc., Exchange block, Main st. vi-n16

M'KELVY NEAL & Co., dealers in dry goods, groceries, flour, feed, salt, fish, iron, nails, etc., northeast corner Main and Market sts. vi-n11

H. C. HOWER, hats and caps, boots and shoes, Main st., above court house. vi-n13

C. C. MARR, dry goods and notions, southwest corner Main and Iron sts. vi-n17

J. J. BROWER, dry goods, groceries, etc., northwest corner Main and Iron sts. vi-n17

REV. A. HARTMAN, dry goods, notions, and groceries, Main st., opposite Correl's Furniture Rooms. vi-n16

H. H. HUNSBERGER, (agent,) groceries, tobacco, and confectionary, Main st., opposite Episcopal Church. vi-n16

D. A. BECKLEY, Keystone shoe store, books and stationery, southwest corner Market and Main sts. vi-n16

WILLIAM ERASMUS, confectionaries, Main st., just above court house. vi-n17

E. MENDENHALL, general stock of merchandise and lumber, corner of Main Street and Berwick road. vi-n11

J. ROBBINS, dealer in dry goods groceries etc. Shive's block, Main st., below Iron vi-n14

K. GHTON, Groceries & Provisions, southeast corner Main and Iron Streets. vi-n14

C. W. SNYDER, hardware, cutlery, guns, etc., Main st., below Iron. vi-n13

A. J. SLOAN, dealer in choice dry goods, Housekeeping goods, fresh groceries, etc., etc., Main st., opposite court house. vi-n13

J. K. EYER, groceries and general merchandise Main st., above West. vi-n13

L. T. SHARPLESS, dry goods, groceries, boots, shoes, etc., Rupert block, Main st., west of Market. vi-n13

S. CRAMER & A. E. HAYHURST, Dealers in Groceries, Confectionaries and Notions, Scottown, south side, two doors above Brobst's wagonmaker shop. v2-n18.

MISCELLANEOUS.

G. W. COREL, furniture rooms, three story brick on Main st., west of Market st. vi-n16

E. J. THORNTON, wall paper, window shades, and fixtures, Rupert block, Main st. vi-n16

H. ROSENTOCK, photographer, Exchange block, Main st., opposite court house. vi-n16

J. F. BROADT, photographer, Hartman's building northeast corner Main and Market st. vi-n16

E. J. BIDLEMAN Agent Munson's Copper Tubular Lightning Rod. v2-n19

J. B. PURSELL, saddle, trunk and harness maker, Main st., below court, house. vi-n16

C. FOSTER, Glue Maker, and White and other Tanner, Scottown. vi-n6

BLOOMSBURG LUMBER CO. manufacturers and dealers in Lumber, of all kinds, planing mill near the rail-road. vi-n6

W. J. BIDLEMAN, saddle and harness maker, near southwest corner Main and Market st. vi-n17

A. WITMAN, marble works, near southwest corner Main and Market sts. vi-n15

R. H. RINGLER, dealer in pianos, organs and melodeons, at O. W. Correll's furniture rooms vi-n17

T. H. MASTERS, agent for Grover & Baker's sewing machine, Main st., Hartman's building, up stairs. vi-n17

D. W. ROBBINS, liquor dealer second door from northwest corner Main and Iron sts. vi-n15

W. PEACOCK, Notary Public, northeast corner Main and Market st. vi-n13

JOHN A. FUNSTON, mutual and cash rules fire insurance company, northeast corner Main and West st. vi-n17

GEORGE HASSERT, manufacturer and repairer of threshing machines, Chandlee's shop near Sharpless' foundry. vi-n17

I. S. KUHN, dealer in meat tallow, etc., Chemical's alley, back of American house. vi-n13

SAMUEL JACOBY, Marble and Brown Stone Works, East Bloomsburg, Berwick road. vi-n17

ORANGEVILLE DIRECTORY.

D. R. A. MCCARGEL, physician and surgeon, Market st., next door to Wood's Hotel. v2-n12

BRICK HOTEL and refreshment saloon, by Isaac Everett, cor. of Main and Pine st. v1-n17

SWAN HOTEL, the upper house in Orangeville, Main st., above Pine. v2-n19

D. K. SLOAN, dealer in dry goods, groceries, lumber and general Merchandise, Main st., Orangeville, opposite Exchange Hotel. v2-n16

GEORGE LAZARUS, cabinet and chair maker, Main st., above the Swan Hotel. v2-n16

W. H. SMITH, manufacturer of tin ware and dealer in stoves, etc., Main st., above the Swan Hotel. v2-n17

A. & E. W. COLEMAN, Merchant tailor and dealer in gentlemen's furnishing goods, Main st., next door to the brick hotel. v2-n17

M. S. HAYHURST, Coeur, Watches and Guns repaired, Guns and Watches for sale, Main st., below Pine. v1-n17

JAMES R. HARMAN, Cabinet Maker, and Undertaker, Main st., below Pine. v1-n12

MICHAEL C. KELLER, Confectionery, Groceries &c. &c., on Pine st., between Main and Mill. v1-n17

H. B. & C. KELCHNER, Horse-makers, on Mill Street, near Pine. v1-n17

WILLIAM DEEN, Shoemaker and manufacturer of boots, Mill St., west of Pine v1-n19

PHAS SNYDER, Flour and Grist Mill, and Dealer in grain, Mill Street. v1-n17

LEWIS R. SCHUYLER, Iron Founder, Machinist, and Manufacturer of plows, Mill St. v1-n17

MILES A. WILLIAMS & Co., Tanners and Manufacturers of leather, Mill Street. v1-n17

JOHN KELLER, Boot and Shoemaker, Pine Street, opposite the Academy v1-n17

A. B. HUNTSINGER & BROTHER, Carpenters and Builders, Main Street, below Pine. v1-n17

SAMUEL SHARPLESS, Maker of the Highest Grain Cradle, Main st. v2n5

J. M. HARMAN, saddle and harness maker Orangeville, opposite Farmers church. v1-n13

CATAWISSA DIRECTORY.

SUSQUEHANNA or Brick House, S. Rostel, proprietor, south end of Front and corner Main and Second Street. v2-n12

J. H. CREASY, dry goods, groceries, and general Merchandise, Main Street. v2-n12

S. D. RINARD, dealer in stoves and tin-ware, Main Street. v2-n12

WM. H. ARBETT, attorney at law, Main Street. v2-n12

GILBERT & KLINE, dry goods, groceries, and general merchandise, Main Street. v2-n12

L. KELLER, billiard saloon, oysters, and ice cream in season Main Street. v2-n12

B. F. DALLMAN, Merchant Tailor, Second St., Robbins' Building. v2-n18

D. R. J. K. ROBBINS, Surgeon and Physician, Second St., below Main. v2-n18

J. B. KISTLER, "Cattawisa House," North West Corner Main and Second Streets. v2-n18

M. BROBST, dealer in General Merchandise, Dry Goods, Groceries &c. v2-n16

LIGHT STREET DIRECTORY.

PETER [illegible], dealer in dry goods, groceries, flour, feed, salt, fish, iron, nails, etc., Light Street.

J. TERWILLIGER, Cabinetmaker, Undertaker and Chairmaker. v1-n19

JOSEPH WALTER Blacksmith, opposite post office. v1-n15

H. F. OMAN & Co. Wheelwrights, first door above school house. v1-n19

MRS. E. KLINE, milliner and dressmaker. v1-n19

J. W. SANKEY, dealer in Leather, Hides, Oil, &c. etc. Cash paid for Hides. v1-n19

WM. M. ENT, dealer in [illegible] all its branches. v1-n19

PETER W. OMAN, manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes. v1-n17

ESPY DIRECTORY.

ESPY STEAM FLOURING MILLS, C. W. Bennett, Proprietor. v1-n19

B. F. BERGHARD & BRO., dealers in dry goods, groceries, and general merchandise. v1-n17

J. D. CALDWELL, dealer in [illegible] for [illegible] etc. v1-n17

T. W. EVANS, Steam Saw Planing Mill and Box Manufactory. v1-n11

JERSEYTOWN DIRECTORY.

ANDREW HADSON, dealer in dry goods, groceries, notions, hardware, queensware, etc. v1-n19

JACOB A. SWOYER, dealer in [illegible] etc. v1-n19

CAPT. SAMUEL RHEY, Mountain House, Trout Creek and Strangers entertained. v2-n11

BUCKHORN DIRECTORY.

M. G. & W. H. SHOEMAKER, dealers in dry goods, groceries, queensware, hardware, flour, feed, plastering, silver sr gold. v2-n15

SNYDER & WM. HARRIS, dealers in dry goods, groceries, hardware and notions. First door in south end of town. v2-n15

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

EXCHANGE HOTEL, BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA CO., PA.

EDWARD EVERETT, PROPRIETOR.

The undersigned having purchased the well known property of the late Col. Everett, the Proprietor would respectfully announce to the public that he has refitted and refurnished the Hotel, situate on MAIN STREET, in Bloomsburg immediately opposite the Columbian county Court House, and is now prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with their custom. Every attention will be paid to the comfort and entertainment of travellers and others who may be disposed to favor it with their custom. The Stabling is extensive and attended by careful hostlers. The Proprietor hopes by strict attention to the business of the Exchange to merit a liberal share of the public patronage. No pains will be spared to render satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call. EDWARD EVERETT.

Bloomsburg, April 3, 1868.

FORK'S HOTEL,

GEORGE W. MAUGER, Proprietor.

The above well-known hotel has recently undergone radical changes in its internal arrangements, and its proprietor announces to his friends, customers and the travelling public that he is now better prepared than ever to accommodate those who may favor him with their custom. His table will always be found supplied not only with substantial food, but with all the delicacies of the season. His wines and liquors are of the purest brands, and his bar will be supplied with the choicest liquors. The outbuildings, sheds, &c., are large and commodious, and the stabling is one of the best in the town, and will contribute to the comfort of those who favor it with their patronage. GEORGE W. MAUGER.

EXCHANGE SALOON,

The Proprietor of the Exchange Saloon has now on hand a large stock of

SUMMER REFRESHMENTS,

consisting of

SPICED OYSTERS, SARDINES, FRUIT, SODA AND SWEET BISCUIT, PICKLED BEEF, SMOKED BEEF,

LAGER BEER, ALE, &C.

Also COME ONE, COME ALL AND SEE THE

LAWSON CALMAN,

Superintendent.

Bloomsburg, May 8, 1868.

THE ESPY HOTEL,

ESPY, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

The undersigned respectfully announces to his friends and the public, that he has taken the above well known House in Espy, formerly kept by Mr. Jacob Hess, and will be pleased to receive the custom of all who will favor him with a call.

BE WELL KEPT A GOOD TABLE,

a Bar well stocked with the best of Liquors, and every effort will be made to render satisfaction to all who may favor him with their custom.

E. H. GUTTERSON.

Espy, Pa., April 10, 1867.

BRICK HOTEL,

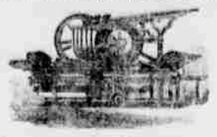
GRANGEVILLE, COLUMBIA CO. STY, PA.

EDWARD EVERETT, PROPRIETOR.

The undersigned having purchased the well known property of the late Col. Everett, the Proprietor would respectfully announce to the public that he has refitted and refurnished the Hotel, situate on MAIN STREET, in Bloomsburg immediately opposite the Columbian county Court House, and is now prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with their custom. Every attention will be paid to the comfort and entertainment of travellers and others who may be disposed to favor it with their custom. The Stabling is extensive and attended by careful hostlers. The Proprietor hopes by strict attention to the business of the Exchange to merit a liberal share of the public patronage. No pains will be spared to render satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call. EDWARD EVERETT.

Bloomsburg, April 3, 1868.

THE COLUMBIAN,



A Democratic Newspaper

IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING AT

BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

THE principles of true democracy of the Jeffersonian School of politics. Those principles will never be compromised, yet courtesy and kindness shall not be forgotten in discussing them, whether with individuals, or with contemporaries of the Press. The unity, happiness, and prosperity of the country is our aim and object; and as the means to secure that, we shall labor earnestly and earnestly for the harmony, success and growth of our organization.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—Two dollars a year if paid in advance. If not paid in advance two dollars and fifty cents will be invariably charged.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.—One square (ten lines or less) one or three insertions $1.50; each subsequent insertion 50 cents.

	1w.	2m.	3m.	6m.	1y.
One square	$2.50	$3.00	$3.50	$5.00	$10.00
Two squares	3.50	5.00	6.00	8.00	15.00
Three squares	5.00	7.00	8.00	12.00	18.00
Four squares	6.00	8.00	10.00	15.00	20.00
Half column	10.00	12.00	15.00	20.00	30.00
One column	15.00	18.00	25.00	35.00	50.00

Executor's and Administrator's Notices $3.00; Auditor's Notice $2.50. Other advertisements inserted according to special contract.

Business notices, without advertisement, twenty cents per line.

Transient advertisements payable in advance—all others due after the first insertion.

As it is our most desire to be satisfactory, both to subscribers and to the Publishers, that remittances and all communications respecting the business of the paper, be sent direct to the office of publication. All letters, whether relating to the editorial or business concerns of the paper, and all payments for subscriptions, advertising, or job work, are to be made to and addressed

BROCKWAY & FREZER,

Publishers of the Columbian,

Bloomsburg, Pa.

Printed at Robbins's Buildings, near the Court House.

C. M. VANDERSLICE.

BUSINESS CARDS.

JOB PRINTING

Neatly executed at this Office.

M. M. LVELLE,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

Bloomsburg, Columbia County, Penna.

M. M. TRAUGH,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

CATAWISSA, PA.

C. W. MILLER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Office with E. D. Hiller, in brick building adjoining the Court House, Bloomsburg, Pa.

JOHN G. FREZER,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

Office in Exchange and Recorder's office, in the basement of the Court House, Bloomsburg, Pa.

ROBERT E. CLARK,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

Office corner of Main and Market streets, over First National Bank, Bloomsburg, Pa.

E. H. LITTLE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Office on Main street, in brick building below the Court House, Bloomsburg, Pa.

C. B. BROCKWAY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Office—Court House Alley, below Post Office.

LOUIS BERNHARD

Would inform the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity that he has removed to the room on Main street, two doors south of the Exchange Hotel, where he will be pleased to receive the custom of all who will favor him with a call.

AUCTIONEER.

MOSES COFFMAN,

Having followed the profession of Public Vendue Crying for many years, solicits a share of the public patronage, and hopes by strict attention to business and a desire to please, to merit a liberal share of the same. Residence in Jackson township, one mile west of Orangeville. Sales attended at short notice and reasonable terms. Jan. 10, 1868.

J. B. PURSEL,

HARNESS, SADDLE, AND TRUNK MANUFACTURER,

and dealer in

CARPET-BAGS, VALISES, FLY-NETS, BUFFALO ROBES, HORSE-BLANKETS &c.

which he feels confident he can sell as low as any other person in the country. Examine his assortment.

Shop first door below the Post Office Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

Nov. 15, 1867.

S. C. COLLINS,

FASHIONABLE

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING

AND

SHAMPOOING SALOON,

Over Widmyer & Jacoby's Ice Cream Saloon,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Hair Dyeing and Kalydor restored hair of course. Hair cut in the latest and most approved fashion, and hair dressing done in the best manner. Call and see me. GEORGE W. MAUGER.

DENTISTRY.

DR. LOWER, DENTIST,

Respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity. Having had a long and successful experience in the practice of his profession, and having provided himself with the most improved instruments, he feels confident that he will be able to perform all operations in his line in a manner that will render satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. All work warranted for one year. Office and residence one door above the Court House, on Main street.

Bloomsburg, Jan. 3, 1868.

POWDER KEGS AND LUMBER.

W. M. MONROE & CO.

Rupert, Pa.,

Manufacturers of

POWDER KEGS,

and dealers in all kinds of

LUMBER,

who believe that they are prepared to accommodate their customers with dispatch, and on the cheapest terms.

A GOOD CHANCE.

The Undersigned has in his charge two fine, likely horses, one of which he will sell on reasonable terms to bird and broker good stands of horses until they arrive at the age of 21 years. For particulars address C. E. BROCKWAY, Bloomsburg Pa.

Choice Poetry.

NAPOLEON'S

MIDNIGHT REVIEW.

FROM THE GERMAN OF ROBERT REINICK

BY CLARENCE MANGAN.

I.

When midnight hour is come
The drummer treads on his tomb,
And marches, beating his grisly drum,
Through the ghastly gloom.

He plies the drumsticks bravely
With fleshless fingers pale,
And beats and beats again and again
A long and ghostly reveille!

Like the voice of abysmal waves
Resounds its unearthly tone,
Till the dead old soldiers, long in their graves,
Awaken through every zone.

And the slain in the land of the Hun,
And the frozen in the icy North,
And those who under the burning sun
Of Ind sleep, come forth.

And they whose bones longwhile
Lie bleaching in syrtian sands,
And the slumberers under the reefs of the Nile,
Arise with arms in their hands.

II.

And at midnight, in his sword vault,
The trumpeter leaves his tomb,
And blows a blast long, deep and loud,
As he rides through the ghastly gloom.

And the yellow moonlight shines
On the old Imperial Dragoons;
And the Cuirassiers they form in lines,
And the Canalrieers in platoons.

At a signal the ranks unsheathe
Their weapons in rear and van;
But they scarcely appear to speak or breathe,
And their features are sad and wan.

III.

And when midnight rules the sky,
The Emperor leaves his tomb,
And rides along, surrounded by
His shadowy staff, through the gloom.

A silver star so bright
Is glittering on his breast;
In an uniform of blue and white
And a gray cramp-frock he is dressed.

The marshalleens shine afar
On the various marshalled groups,
As the Man with the glittering silver star
Rides forth to review his troops.

And the dead battalions all
Are swift through their exercise,
Till the review withdraws and a gloomier pall
Of blackness wraps the skies.

Then around the chief once more
The Generals and Marshals throng;
And he whispers a word of heart before
In the ear of his marshalleen.

In files the troops advance,
And then are no longer seen,
The challenging watchword given is "France!"
The answer is "Sainte Helene!"

And this is the Grand Review,
Which at midnight on the wolds,
If popular tales may pass for true,
The buried Emperor holds.

Interesting Story.

ADVENTURES OF A RHINOCEROS

REMARKABLE STORY.

A WRITER in an English magazine gives a singular account of the manner in which he tamed a rhinoceros. He claims that the wildest of animals, in their wildest state, may be tamed by man; that they will voluntarily seek him and his aid; and that there may be varieties of wild animals as yet not described by any natural historian of any age or country.

FINDING THE RHINOCEROS.

The writer says:

I reached what are call the "Black Lakes" of "Beehaun" late one day, just as the sun was redly descending, leaving the skies in a lurid glare and a bloodlike aspect. In Africa there is no gloaming or twilight. From day-light to night is but a step. It was time I selected my resting place for the night, and for various reasons I made choice of a tree on the margin of the upper or eastern lake. Upon the surface of the black water I saw a young and fat hippopotamus. I was thinking more of equines than such as he, for I knew how stealthily they glide up a bank to introduce themselves to a stranger, and was prepared to repay their attentions by giving a steel bolt to any that came near enough to their hides.

While giving a cat like glance all around me, I heard a splash in the ink like liquid which passes for water in these lakes, and, looking around, perceived the largest rhinoceros I had ever seen, either in India, Ceylon, Sumatra, Borneo, Africa or anywhere else, amusing himself by poking the fat hippopotamus with his broad snout in the glossy rather the armor plate of fat which covered them, making him spin round on his own axis in the water, or after the fashion of a grind stone. The poor "hippo" squeaked at every poke; he did not approve of such libertics, but the rhinoceros did; and "might," in such cases is "right." Disgusted with the freedom to which he was subjected, the ball of fat ejected the air from his lungs and dived, leaving the leviathan master of the situation, but no longer master of him.

The giant then saw me, and appeared struck with wonder. He had never seen such a creature before. What was it? Where did it come from? I was certain he had never beheld man; for if he had, he would have either turned from me, or rushed upon me to gore me with a huge horn that stood upon his face. Such a noble beast would be a prize; if ever man had seen him, he would have left one or two impressions upon his memory—intense fear or deep hatred; but this animal only evinced surprise.

I had made up my mind what to do if he meant fighting, but I would not provoke him. "Peace or war, old fellow?" said I, to break the silence. He stood very square on his thick legs, like a massive billiard-table—firm, broad, sturdy—not moving an inch. I saw the white of his eyes, his great tusks and broad teeth, fit to tear up and rend a tree, his white horn ready to rip open a hundred elephants if they stood before him. The moon was well up for the night's business or pleasure, and I could see distinctly any movement of his frame or face. I gave an occasional look round for saurians and other pleasant members of African society, for they are sly enemies, more to be feared than the open foe before me, if indeed he were a foe, of which I could not be certain.

There was a dull splash—my new acquaintance had moved one of the solid pillars that he called his legs, I presumed—slowly and deliberately he moved the other; then again he paused, gazing earnestly as before. I did not understand his looks or meaning. Did he intend to bowl me over as he had done the hippopotamus? "Better not old fellow," I said, laughing, "if you try it I will put a steel bolt in your head. Be civil, if you regard your health." The words were no sooner said than he made a very peculiar noise, and he took another step; I did not think it exactly a step in the right direction, for it was towards me; but the sounds that preceded it were not indicative of savageness. They were harsh, but decidedly not angry. I would not determine rashly—he might not intend mischief—I would not harm the noble beast if I could avoid it.

I went to my tree, tied my chaplet of *frazinus* leaves around its trunk to prevent snakes from ascending, struck a light and kindled one of my torches, and was up to the lowest branch before the rhinoceros had stepped ashore. I saw it would be about seven feet above him if he stood beneath it; for the rhinoceros raises itself to hook its horn on all branches it can reach, to break them down for food, in the seasons when our food is scarce. I could have a joke with him now and watch his movements; on he came, trudging and stumping slowly, but earnestly, uttering sounds which I read as I would the whines of a dog that wanted to reach its master, not that they resembled the canine whinings, but the mode in which they escaped him impressed me with that belief so strongly that no consideration could have induced me to hurt the animal, as I laid my roer on a forked branch as a weapon for which I had no present use.

If a billiard table could walk, it must be in the style of that rhinoceros at that time. I thought he must be lame and stiff.

Now, I am going to make an ascent to hunt for snakes, and, if I find any, to whip them with this *fraxinus or ornus*.

A CLOSER ACQUAINTANCE.

I scearched the tree well, but found nothing obnoxious. I was rather intent upon my task and was silent, which made my new friend uneasy. Any nonsense I talked, strangely enough seemed to please the huge beast, but if I ceased for a moment he grunted and impatiently stamped with one of his forefeet till the earth vibrated, and his face turned upwards revealing the whole front of his horn. Presently I got down. As I descended, my friend's satisfaction was great.

I went down to offer him some biscuit—the attention seemed to please him mightily—not so much, I thought for the sake of the bread as having me near him. As I offered the frangapani he rubbed his nose against my head many times, till I put it inside his thick lips, when he crunched it in a style that would have touched the heart of a toothless sailor. I ate more slowly; he got three shares out of four. I went up for more, and to take coffee, for I was thirsty, but impatience drew me down very soon. I gave him the best half of three biscuits—a small supply for such a garrison as his interior; but my stock was getting low, and he might have thought them dry and insipid; but all his desire appeared to be to have me near him or to hear my voice talking nonsense. Finding that to say something, however absurd, was needful to his peace, I thought of killing two birds with one stone," and that, as I had given him folly enough, he should have something better. I took a book from my knapsack and read aloud, giving any dialogue in a conversational tone, and I can assure Mr. Charles Dickens, or whom else it may or may not concern, that "Pickwick" never met with a more attentive or apparently gratified listener than "Captain Rhino," as I called my friend.

I ceased reading to have a smoke. I had not indulged in twenty whiffs when Captain Rhino became as impatient as the gods of a gallery of a London theatre. He grunted—no reply; grunted again, louder and repeatedly—no notice taken; grunted very loud and stamped furiously—same result; then, yes, by all the gods of all the theatres both sides of the water, he fairly whistled, pretty much as they do when they want "*encore*," only a hundred times louder. My ears were pierced. "What the devil do you make that noise for?" I asked, and then came the low, guttural murmurs, comparatively, indicating his joy that I was neither dead or speechless. I began to fancy I should have a regular night of talking, and to feel no pleasure in the prospect. For the present I would humor him—he might grow sleepy or hungry—so I kept up a desultory fire of arrant nonsense between puffs as "few and far between" as he would let me, and he was tolerably at ease.

I had filled and nearly smoked out my meerschaum the third time, when I inquired whether his mamma was aware of his not being at home? He was replying in his own murmuring way, when a row began on the eastern lake. Trombones, big drums, thunder, shrill fifes, donkey braying, bagpipes, sharpening of saws, roaring of bulls, dying groans and squeaking of unoiled cart wheels, all and sundry, and much more, in a 'Dutch Medley,' entranced the ear. The captain turned his ear towards the water, and looked up to me with an I-know-all-about it sort of air. It was plain such rows were not new to him; he took the matter philosophically. Presently came more noise, and more still; more sounds in greater variety and violence; horrors accumulated fast and furious. Over the bank, from one lake to another, rushed dense masses of saurians, hippopotami and rhinoceroses, thickly massed till they became tightly wedged, all fighting for precedence, roaring, plunging, tearing each other madly, the latter goring and disemboweling the nearest to them, and quite reckless whether they were of their own species or not. Serpents long and large, bounded through the trees like lightning, hissing hoarsely as they went. The birds of night and day were alike aroused.

At length the narrow bank was quite blocked, the dense mass of huge beasts swayed to and fro, one or more occasionally falling over. 'Capt. Rhino' now thought it time to interfere; his head and horn went up and down as a bull moves when he thinks evil. He could see me plainly, by the light of my lamp as I sat smoking, and looking at the fight; his looks said, 'you'll see some fun presently,' but he uttered no sound. He went to work silently, in all cases I observed he reserved his trumpetings till victory was achieved. I rather liked that; for silent dogs bite deepest. Elevating and depressing his head and his bell rope tail, with its little tassel fit for a night cap at the end of it, he went off deliberately as qefore but stern determination in every step. If those in his way had not made their wills, their last opportunity was gone. His horn made forcible entries into many interiors as he plowed his way through the mass, casting bodies forwards, backwards, sideways and all ways, clearing the path as if an Irishman 'to the manor born' and 'Faugh-a-ballagh' was his family. The lightest went over his head and back some yards behind him, many into the lake each side; in three minutes the bank was freed of all the living; only the dead encumbered it. Then he plunged into the eastern lake, after the scudding legion before him, to the seat of war.

As the tide of battle surged near or remote, the horrible sounds increased or diminished. I took the straps off my knapsack and haversack, passed them round the branch and my own body, securely buckling them. My roer was laid alongside me, the muzzle towards my feet, everything ready to my hands in the event of danger, and after commending myself to the care of Him who was as much with me in those wilds as in the temple, I was asleep in two minutes.

At sunrise my leviathan friend had not put in an appearance. I was rather anxious, for I wished to know why he sought me. I was sure he had some reason for doing so. As I took coffee I saw his head upon the lake, like a small boat with one mast and no sail, the rising protuberance of his hind quarters like another boat 'in tow.' He swam slowly till the water, or ink, shoaled, then he limped to the bank, up which he got with difficulty, and walked as if he had four wooden legs without ankles or knee joints, sending forth sounds which I thought denoted gladness to see me. I saluted him with a volley of nonsense as he approached me. I had gone down to meet him—he seemed in great pain, but as pleased as if he had found a fortune. He was very demonstrative, and, being wet, might have been dispensed with; but he thought otherwise, and his sincerity could not be questioned. I offered biscuit, but of that he took no notice; he rubbed his head against my hand, and placed his face to my chest. I fancy no animal can be more clumsy than a rhinoceros, and, though he was less so than the animals exhibited under that name in Europe, his imitations of the movements of a lively lapdog were highly ludicrous, but what he wanted in grace he made up in energy, and, in displaying it, seemed to forget his pain.

I now saw that he was not so old as I took him. I had seen him at night imperfectly. He was out just at maturity, and a fine specimen of his race, being what I, for want of a better term, call the rhinoceros major, classing the inferior animal as the rhinoceros minor. In height he towered high above the ordinary animals I had seen so often, which I had chased, and been chased by, many a time. Subsequently a tape measure showed he was fully 9 feet 3 inches high at the shoulder, at the quarters ten feet three inches. His proportions were good. He had not the distended stomach which is seen in the inferior beast generally. The peculiar folds of the massive and ponderous hide from the quarter to the shoulder, gave an appearance, at a distance, of a large 'saddle cloth'; the folds at the bottom had a sort of edge, which gave it a finished and ornamental appearance till he came near, when it was seen that the whole was his natural covering. The edge was darker than the centre within. All of the superior kind of rhinoceros that I have seen are distinguished by this natural peculiarity, some having it more marked than 'Captain Rhino.'

That the animal should, as he clearly did, seek me, seemed more than strange to me. This rhinoceros had not been accustomed to the sight of man; his wonder when he first beheld me proved that, and it was so plainly depicted that I could have no doubt upon the subject; but having seen me, why should he be so desirous to get upon good terms with me? I could not understand it then; but I had not long to wait for a solution of the problem.

A SURGICAL OPERATION.

I observed that among all its demonstrations of gladness and unmistakable fondness, he seemed very stiff and in great pain when he turned to move quickly. In his warmest revealing an occersional sound escaped him, indicative of acute pain. At first I attributed this to the last night's warfare but as his anguish appeared to be intolerable and he at times turned his glances toward his right flank, and from that his expressive eye sought mine, I determined to discover the cause if possible. I could not see his intense sufferings without trying to know their source, and make an effort to relieve them. I unslung my heavy double rifled roer from my shoulders, laid it down, and knelt upon the ground at his side to look at the part at which he gazed so earnestly. As I did so he actually stepped sideways nearer to me as if to give me a better view—as if anxious that I should do something for him—at all events I thought so. I laid my head upon the grass, and saw enough to account for any amount of uneasiness—the wonder was how the poor creatures could move or stand; it was plain his tortures must be exquisite. I rose to my feet and patted his face, which he laid on my chest. I knelt again. I saw there was a deep wound in his flank, as if some large foreign body was forced into it and still remained imbedded there. I could have no doubt it was full of matter, which by its distension of the parts, caused the suffering. The mouth of the wound was festering, as wounds will in such a climate.

It was useless to only look—I must do more. First, I must ascertain what the foreign body was. Would he permit that? I began—not without so placing myself that I could quickly regain my feet if he made a hostile demonstration. I need not have made such a preparation, I had no sooner touched the wound than he, although moaning under the agony I gave him, positively leaned toward my hand, looked at me with an earnest gaze, which, as I read it, said: 'Do all you can for me, it is hard to bear.' I found the cause of all this forture was the horn of another rhinoceros, which had been forced in up to the base, and then, probably by the desperate struggles of both animals, broken off. How was I to remove that? Without removing it nothing could be done; all that could be tried or effected short of that was worse than nothing, as it could only give useless pain, and the poor animal must inevitably die. If gangrene had not began to set in, it soon must. I looked into the eyes of the sufferer, their expression was mild but it told all his misery—all his hope in me. That look seemed to implore my aid—at any cost he should but devise means of affording it beneficially.

A terribly offensive discharge oozed from the wound as I pressed it, but in too small a quantity to give ease by reducing the tumefaction. I endeavored to get him to the water; but he was perfectly docile and readily comprehended my effort to get him there.—with some of the silklike moss, hang ing pendant from the tree, I cleansed the orifice of the wound, removing some dirt and more sand and gravel, which adhered to the glutinous discharge, he gazing beseechingly at me all the while but seemingly soothed by the bathing. There was no sign of anger or impatience; his natural language was all new to me; of course I fancied his anguish was somewhat assuaged, and that he wished the application continued. I was sensible that beyond this effect it could have no other—none really beneficial—all was done in vain unless the horn was extracted.

I got hold of it passing my hand beneath it in the wound; the poor fellow roared fearfully; if ever an angry demonstration might be expected, it was then, but there was none; he merely placed his face upon or against my chest, as before, and although his colossal frame trembled violently under fierce pangs, and the large tears rolled from his eyes, he licked my hand. I had started to my feet lest the agony I had caused might have generated anger, but it was a vain apprehension; poor "Rhino" only felt gratitude for my imperfect aid. I had not given the pain without an object—I wished to know the form of the base of the horn, and the comparative size of the part above it. I had thought of several ways of accomplishing the extraction, rejecting all—because I was destitute of everything needful to reduce them to practice. Having ascertained the size of the base of the horn, and that some nobby excrescences were, there I ancied I had got what my Irish servent always called a bright—meaning thereby a bright idea. I resolved to cherish it, least I might not get another; hope now began to animate me, and I for the first time felt confidence.

Up to that moment I had been working in the dark, now I saw what all men desire—light. I was as sure of saving my poor friend's life, and ending his agonies, as I had previously been doubtful. "All right, captain," I exclaimed, patting him and going off to my tree—for my principal baggage was in my bedchamber. Rhino followed me closely, the more cheerful tone of my voice might have struck him; all animals are keen judges of tone; from that they take the meaning of the words they hear. Wild animals are especially observant of and skill

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 22, 1868.

☞ THE COLUMBIAN has the Largest Circulation in Columbia and adjoining counties of any paper published here, and is also a much larger sheet than any of its cotemporaries; and is therefore the best medium for advertising in this section of the State.

The Test Vote.

AFTER weeks of anxiety and suspense the country breathes freely again. The bubble of Impeachment has burst and vanished into thin air. The issue was doubtful to the last, and the verdict of "not guilty" was gained by but one vote. There is cause for rejoicing in this, not only that the President has been pronounced innocent, but that there are men in the Senate, who are manly and honest enough to hold their honor pure, in the face of the most disgraceful and unwarranted attempts at intimidation and bribery which ever were made upon the integrity of judges. But neither the crack of the party whip, the threats of party vengeance, the mutterings of Loyal Leagues, nor the violent harangues of members of the Lower House, have availed to cause them to violate their oaths, or degrade their judicial position. Baffled and disappointed the leaders of the impeachment, foaming with rage, have descended to personal abuse and villification and openly charge that such men as Fessenden, Trumbull and Grimes have been bribed and corrupted; men whose reputations are so spotless, that even political enemies have never dared assail them. We look aghast at such exhibitions of depravity, which can only be accounted for on the ground that the Radicals under such leaders as Butler and Stevens have lost their heads and advocate blind measures with no look to the future. There can be no doubt that such utter disregard of all the decencies and courtesies of life, to speak nothing of graver matters, must result in harm to the party which permits and encourages them. Public opinion will sooner or later condemn the acts and disown the authors.

How long the remaining articles may remain unvoted on, it is impossible to say. Butler at the head of his investigating committee may hope by future bullying to intimidate one or more Senators who are deemed "weak in the faith" and thus secure conviction upon the second or eighth article.

To what extent honest Republicans are willing to follow this immaculate leader, is a matter of considerable interest both to the country at large and the Democratic Party.

That Pardon.

THE unmitigated insolence and outrage of the pardon granted by Geary to Eves and Erwine for the *second offense* of rejecting the vote of a constitutionally qualified elector is so gross, and so thoroughly condemned where the facts are known, that even P. John abandons the defense of the *three culprits*. The task is taken up by the Sunbury *Gazette* in half a column, nearly, of abuse of the Court, and slang about the Fishing Creek confederacy.

As to the first point; It is the Suprem Court of the State which settled the law about voting under the "Deserter act," and all the District Courts can do is to administer the law as there laid down. The Courts of Columbia county have therefore no will in the matter. We attribute this error of fact to the well known ignorance of the *Gazette*, and its abuse of the court to its rampant Radicalism.

As to the second point: The citizens whom the *Gazette* denounces, are as respectable in character, as loyal to the Constitution, and as law-abiding as any in the Commonwealth. But in point of fact this was a question for a jury, and one half of the jury summoned were Republicans in politics; and yet the election officers *did not dare* to go before a jury and submit themselves to the law and the facts. Every honest man in the county condemned the wrong and would have resented it. Of course if the *Gazette* had known that these men went before a jury half Republicans, it would not have published the article we are commenting on. Its ignorance is again its defense.

But yet again. This was Eves' second offense. The first time, *he swore he had an important witness in the West*. The case was continued. When the Court came, instead of producing the "important witness," he produced *a pardon*. Against the opinion of his counsel he repeats the offense; and then he does not risk the swearing about an important witness, because he has a second pardon in his pocket. Of course the *Gazette* was ignorant of these aggravating facts and circumstances, and is therefore excusable.

Is the *Gazette* also ignorant of the fact, that it is discourteous and beneath the dignity of a decent newspaper, to speak of the Chief-Justice of the United States as a "distinguished sore-head?" or does the *Gazette* belong to the Washburne-Donnelly school, and make its Radicalism and its ignorance an excuse for such a course as a newspaper, as would forever disgrace an individual? We sincerely pity the *Gazette*, and trust that its manners as well as its morals may amend.

MR. CLARENCE LOGAN, of Philadelphia, just returned from Savannah, having observed the election there, has made a statement that in one ward in that city several negroes were supplied by a wag with labels of "Costar's rat and roach exterminator," and voted them as ballots. Some of the very intelligent suffragans noticing a cut of a rat on the supposed ballots, asked what it meant. They were told it stood for the "rat-ification of the constitution." They wondered, believed, and voted. After this, who prates about educating voters, and who doubts that the colored troops fought nobly?

IT costs one hundred and fifty million dollars annually to govern the Southern States under the Rump despotism plan, and the whole expense is borne by Northern workingmen. Formerly the Southern States were not only able to pay for their own government, but they paid over two hundred million dollars annually into the Government Treasury. They would do the same now, under a righteous and enlightened political policy, but they never will under military despotism and negro suffrage.

The Battle, the Battle-field and the Candidate.

THE great issue of the pending conflict is, shall the government created by the Constitution be perpetuated, or shall it be supplanted by a centralized organism? Subordinate to this and connected therewith are the questions of reconstruction, of negro supremacy, and of national finance. Radical leaders see in these the means to the attainment of their great end. States are coerced into the support of this project; negro votes are valueless but for this object, and patronage and place, banks, treasury and financial agencies are made to lend powerful influence to the preservation of Radical rule, to the centralization of the government and the overthrow of the Constitution. The battle to be waged involves the vitality of our institutions.

The battle field in this great struggle is Pennsylvania. In Presidential contests for seventy years the Keystone has invariably voted with the majority. Her vote in October has always been the certain precursor of her verdict in November. Success in October is invariably followed by success in November; defeat in October is the herald of defeat in November. Her voice in October is potential with other Commonwealths, for New York and New Jersey usually follow her lead, and always show sympathetic action. Our victory in October, 1867, swelled the majority in New York in November. To lose the October election is to lose Pennsylvania. The loss of **Pennsylvania** is the loss of the battle. The loss of this **battle** is the destruction of the **government**. *Here* is our Thermopylae; the "*ides*" of October determine our destiny. To win this contest every energy should be bent; to insure success every extraneous aid should be yielded us; to *compel* this victory our brethren *everywhere* should aid us.

The action of the New York Convention in its selection of a candidate, will be potent in its bearings for good or evil upon our cause, in October, and that great party "tribunal of the last resort" should heed the voices of our counsellors and attentively ponder the views of the leading men of our delegation. Pennsylvania is uncommitted to a candidate. She will sacrifice to success everything but principle. We believe that her delegation will esteem success here in October vital to success throughout the Union in November, that they will insist upon the choice of that candidate who will most essentially aid us in carrying our State, and that they will resist, with all honorable means, the nomination of any one whose antecedents of present position will tend to make that result in any degree problematical. We believe that they will regard the prestige of a great name, or the most faultless party record, as of no weight, if it be rendered clear that success is jeopardized by the selection of their possessor. The hour is inopportune for the requital of party services or the elevation of party idols. Our first duty is to save the government and we mistake the character of those great men who are now prominent for the nomination at New York, if, in the spirit of self-sacrifice, they, too, do not say "everything for the cause, nothing for men." The choice of a candidate is not difficult, when an invincible will for the preservation of the government, a spirit of cordial co-operation for success and a determination to sacrifice our personal preferences to the common good are brought to the task. The mass of our Democracy are deeply imbued with these sentiments, but they regard success here as a vital pre-requisite to final victory, and therefore they insist upon the nomination of one who can assuredly carry Pennsylvania. There *are* such men, both soldiers and civilians, men of large minds, thoroughly trained in the logic of our governmental system and in the traditions of our party, of spotless reputation, of unblemished party record, and surrounded with the prestige of success. Give us one of these, and our march to victory will be an easy and a triumphant one.—*Clearfield Republican.*

Does Forney mean Business?

YESTERDAY he "resigned his position as Secretary of the Senate, the "resignation to take effect on the appointment of his successor." The propriety of this act almost clothes the actor with decency. His retirement from the society of Senators, if voluntary and sincere, goes towards condoning the Jamieson letter, which retired him from the society of gentlemen. We care not whether the resignation grow out of deficits in his deposits, or from the hint indicated, that his "Occasional" bullying of Senators made his room better than his company. The reason matters not. The result is the excellence. For such a man, who sought confidence only to win power, to be recorder to such gentlemen as Reverdy Johnson, Pitt Fessenden, Lyman Trumbull, Charles Buckalew, and their kindred colleagues has been a disgrace only possible amid the indiscriminations of a revolution. The pen that conspired against the honor of a woman has pierced his hand when aimed at the independence of statesmen. We fear Forney is finessing. His resignation implies a capacity of shame which his character forbids. Possibly he has fixed enough Radicals Senators to refuse to accept his proffer to back out. The Forneys die, but rarely resign. If, however, the resignation should be real, it will prove a source of only less satisfaction than the suicide of its subject, who has already survived the amenities that make life desirable.—*World.*

IT seems that there is a difference between "your bull goring my ox and my bull goring your ox" even in that unprejudiced collection of human beings, the Radical Representatives. They promptly suppressed a resolution to examine into the matter of the attempted intimidation of Senator Henderson, by the Radical members from Missouri, but a moment after adopted a resolution to inquire into the charges of "bribery and corruption" made against those Senators whose votes defeated their nefarious plans. There is no such thing known to them as Radical "bribery or corruption." They dignify their bullying and threatening attempts with the name of a "pressure of the people."

THE Radicals since their defeat, on Saturday last, have raised a mighty howl of "bribery and corruption," and openly charge those Senators who voted against conviction, with having sold themselves. They probably do not consider the attempts made upon the honor of Senators Henderson, Ross and Grimes, as embraced in this definition. They are right in one respect at least, there was "*bribery*" but no "*corruption*" as the vote shows.

IMPEACHMENT!

The President Declared "Not Guilty."

GREAT JOY THROUGHOUT THE REPUBLIC AT THE DEFEAT OF THE RADICALS!

TRIUMPH OF JUSTICE!

WASHINGTON, May 16.

IMPEACHMENT has failed. All honor to the seven Republican Senators who, to-day, stood firm in spite of threats and reproaches, and saved the republic from shame.

Unto Senator Ross belongs, perhaps, the highest praise for the result; for the peculiar and baneful influences to which he had been subjected by the friends of impeachment in his own State of Kansas, and by every Radical impeacher in both Houses of Congress, might have been and were confidently expected to overwhelm the sense of duty which he so nobly vindicated. But rising above and shaking off the tremendous pressure of false friends and bitter enemies, he uttered the simple but fateful words,

"NOT GUILTY,"

and, "like the baseless fabric of a vision," impeachment tumbled, faded, and was lost.

In the manner of voting of the Senators, there were some notable circumstances. Anthony voted in a voice between a quiver and a shake; Fessenden created a great sensation on rising and voting "not guilty" in a voice as clear as a bell; Cameron was in such haste that he ran right over Chase with a fierce "guilty" before the question had been all but, whereat the galleries and floor scoffed a little at Simon; Fowler made the galleries buzz and hum with his vote, and when Grimes was called on, nothing but the five and forty police kept down the excitement, which was at fever heat. Johnson's verdict was very handsomely given, and with a sincerity in tone that accorded well with the fine presence of the speaker. When Ross' name was called, you could have heard a pin drop. Davis leaned forward over his desk and put his hand to his ear, and Sumner and that side of the chamber, strained their eyes as if to see the word that was hanging on the speaker's lips. Wade's "guilty" was a low, shame-faced guilty, belitting a judge voting in his own favor in his own case; and Sumner's verdict was such a doggish growl that the galleries sniffed at his sullen pomposity of utterance.

The Senate was slow in opening. At twenty-five minutes past ten, within five minutes of the appointed time, there were not over ten Senators present, among them Van Winkle and Willey, who were in close consultation; Buckalew and Hendricks, likewise in deep converse; just in front of the West Virginia Senators and on the other side of the chamber, Doolittle, Trumbull, and Fessenden. With this paucity of Senators on the floor, the attendance of spectators in the galleries was likewise unwontedly slim.

When the Chief-Justice took the chair nearly every Senator had entered the chamber and occupied his seat. As it was still slightly uncertain whether the vote would be taken or not the feeling chiefly manifested was one of curiosity. Senator Edmunds rose and offered an order directing the Secretary to notify the House of Representatives that the Senate was then ready to receive them. The notification having been sent, Senator Williams asked that his order might be taken up to provide for the rendering of a verdict on the eleventh article first. The question whether the order should be taken up and considered was decided in the affirmative by a vote of 31 against 19. More than two thousand pairs of eyes were fixed on the Chief-Justice, as he slowly lifted himself out of his high-backed chair—placed his hands on the edge of the mahogany desk before him, and said to the reading clerk, "call the roll." The reading clerk called Mr. Anthony. Mr. Anthony rose. Had there been no previous caucus, from the decision of which this Rhode Island gentleman had ascertained the spirit and intentions of his associates in the Senate, his position, as the first Senator on the alphabetical list, would have been a most embarrassing one. But Mr. Anthony, although pale and a little tremulous, was assured. The Chief-Justice spoke—

"Mr. Senator Anthony, how say you—Is Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, guilty or not guilty of a high misdemeanor as charged in this article?"

"GUILTY!"

The formal question by the Chief-Justice was in turn propounded to each Senator, and the vote given as recorded below in the proceedings.

Mr. Willey was the last so-called doubtful man; he answered "guilty," and so did the three remaining Senators, Williams, Wilson and Yates.

It was done. The Chief-Justice announced the verdict, saying:

"The President is therefore acquitted on the eleventh article."

Immediately after, Senator Williams moved that the court adjourn until Tuesday the 26th instant at 12 o'clock. A brief wrangle was had over the motion, which was finally carried and Chief-Justice Chase announced that the Senate sitting as a Court of Impeachment, stood adjourned until Tuesday, the 26th day of this month.

THE OFFICIAL REPORTS.

At 12 o'clock precisely the Chief-Justice, weared the silk robe of office, entered and took his seat as presiding office of the Court of Impeachment, and directing the Sergeant-at-Arms to make proclamation.

The proclamation was made in the usual form.

The Secretary then proceeded to read the journal of the last days' proceedings in the case of the United States against Andrew Johnson, President.

When the reading was concluded,

Mr. Edmunds called up the order heretofore submitted in the following words:

Ordered, That the Chief-Justice, in directing the Secretary to read the several articles of impeachment, shall direct him to read the eleventh article first and the question shall be taken on that article, and thereafter on the other ten successively as they stand.

Before taking it up Mr. Edmunds offered the following order:

Ordered, That the Secretary be directed to inform the House of Representatives, that the Senate sitting for the trial of the President on the articles of impeachment, are now ready to receive them in the Senate Chamber, which was adopted.

The question was then put on taking up Senator William's order for action, and it was decided—yeas, 34; nays, 19.

Senator Wade voted for the first time and voted in the affirmative.

Senator Grimes was not present.

The question was then taken on the adoption of the order, and it was carried by the same. Yeas, 34; Nays, 19.

Mr. Fessenden rose to make a motion to postpone the vote for an hour on account of the absence of Mr. Grimes, but on being informed that that Senator was in the Capitol, he did not make the motion.

Mr. Grimes immediately afterwards came into the Chamber, and took his seat in one of the side aisles.

Mr. Edmunds then submitted an order that the Senate do now proceed to vote on the articles according to the rules of the Senate, which was agreed to.

The Chief-Justice rising, said, by direction of the Senate: The Chief-Justice desires to admonish the citizens and strangers in the galleries that absolute silence and perfect order is required. It will be a subject of infinite regret if any violation of the order of the Senate will necessitate the execution of the further order that the persons guilty of disturbance be immediately removed. Then addressing the Senators, the Chief-Justice said; Senators, in conformity to the order of the Senate, the Chief-Justice will now proceed to take the vote on the eleventh article, as directed by the rule.

The eleventh article was read by the clerk.

The first name on the roll, that of Senator Anthony, being called, that Senator rose in his place, and the Chief-Justice, also standing, addressed to him this formula:

Mr. Senator Anthony; How say you is the respondent, Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, guilty or not guilty of a high misdemeanor, as charged in this article.

Senator Anthony responded "guilty," and so the vote went on till all the Senators had responded, the vote summing up yeas 35, nays 19, as follows:

THE TEST VOTE.

FOR CONVICTION.

1. ANTHONY,	19. MORRILL Vt
2. CAMERON,	20. MORTON,
3. CATTELL,	21. NYE,
4. CHANDLER,	22. PATTERSON, (N. H.)
5. COLE,	23. POMEROY,
6. CONKLING,	24. RAMSEY,
7. CONNESS,	25. SHERMAN,
8. CORBETT,	26. SPRAGUE,
9. CRAGIN,	27. STEWART,
10. DRAKE,	28. SUMNER,
11. EDMUNDS,	29. THAYER,
12. FERRY,	30. TIPTON,
13. Frelinghuysen,	31. WADE,
14. HARLAN,	32. WILLEY,
15. HOWARD.	33. WILLIAMS,
16. HOWE,	34. WILSON,
17. MORGAN,	35. YATES.
18. MORRILL Me.	

FOR ACQUITAL.

1. BAYARD,	11. JOHNSON,
2. BUCKALEW,	12. M'CREERY,
3. DAVIS,	13. NORTON,
4. DIXON,	14. PATTERSON, (Tenn.)
5. DOOLITTLE,	15. ROSS,
6. FESSENDEN,	16. SAULSBURY
7. FOWLER,	17. TRUMBULL,
8. GRIMES,	18. VAN WINKLE
9. HENDERSON	19. VICKERS.
10. HENDRICKS,	

FOR CONVICTION.

Republicans..... 35
Democrats..... 0

FOR ACQUITTAL.

Republicans..... 7
Democrats..... 12

Senators Fessenden, Fowler, Grimes, Ross, Trumbull, and Van Winkle among the Republican Senators, voted "not guilty." Senator Wade, when his name was called stood up immediately and voted "guilty."

Before the result of the vote was announced, but when it was known, Senator Williams rose and moved that the Senate sitting as a Court of Impeachment, adjourn until Tuesday the 26th May, at 12 o'clock.

Considerable discussion ensued. The Chief-Justice deciding that the motion was not in order. This decision was reversed by a vote of 24 to 30, and after the offering and rejection of several amendments the motion was finally carried, yeas, 32 nays 21.

The Chief-Justice announced the result, and said that the Senate sitting as a Court of Impeachment stands adjourned until Tuesday, the 26th inst., at 12 o'clock.

The Chief-Justice then left the chair and the members of the House retired to their own Chamber. The spectators, who had filled every seat and standing place in the galleries, immediately began to pour out into the halls and corridors, and the curtain fell for ten days on the national drama of impeachment.

The closing scene was not marked by the slightest breach of decorum or good order.

POLITICAL.

Democratic State Ticket.

FOR AUDITOR-GENERAL:

CHARLES E. BOYLE,

OF FAYETTE COUNTY.

FOR SURVEYOR-GENERAL:

GEN. WELLINGTON H. ENT,

OF COLUMBIA COUNTY.

Marriages.

SMITH—DAVENPORT—In Berwick, on the 12th inst., at the bride's home, by Rev. W. B. Fox, Mr. Richard Smith, of Hazleton, Luzerne co., and Miss Alice Davenport, of Berwick.

MAIZE—CAMPBELL—On the 5th ult., at the residence of the bride's mother, by Rev. P. F. Eyer, Mr. J. H. Maize and Miss Blanche A. Campbell, both of Beach Haven.

Deaths.

SMETHERS—At Beach Haven, on the 10th inst, Sarah, wife of Hiram Smethers, aged 46 years 4 months and 22 days.

HORN—At Town Hill, on the 10th inst., Caroline wife of Franklin Horn, aged 31 years.

FAIRMAN—In Greenwood, on the 11th inst., Robert, infant son of Hugh S. and Christian Fairman, aged 1 months and 25 days.

FRITZ—In Sugarloaf twp., Oct. 29th, '65, Henry H. Fritz, aged 79 years, 4 mos. and 1 day. On May 6th 1868, at the same place, Margaret, wife of Henry H. Fritz, aged 73 yrs. 6 mos. and 18 days.

The above named persons were parents of 13 children, 71 grand children and 5 great grand children. If we believe that Jesus died and rose again, even so, them also which sleep in Jesus, will God bring with Him.

DODSON—On the morning of the 11th inst, in Huntington, Luzerne county, of lingering Consumption, Osborne S. Dodson, aged 43 years.

Mr. Dodson was educated at West Point. Upon the discovery of gold in California, he went to that State, pursuing his profession of civil engineer. Upon his third return to his native place, (Huntington) he married a daughter of Rev. E. Wadsworth, and with her returned to the Pacific coast. She is now left with two children to mourn an irreparable loss. Six years since, he came home with his family, intending to devote his time to literary and agricultural pursuits. His health falling and believing the climate of California would restore it, he went to that State again the sixth time. A few months' residence in San Francisco gave him encouraging hopes; he returned and took his family with him. He then tried the mountain regions of upper Yuba, and the more elevated land of Virginia City. But all of little avail. For years he fought the disease, but the muscular frame and iron will at last were compelled to succumb. He was a man of extensive reading and varied acquirements. The deceased was a brother-in-law of Senator Buckalew.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

COLUMBIA COUNTY SS.

In the Orphan's Court in and for said County, in the matter of the account of Samuel Ackenbach and Jacob R. Fritz, Executors of the last will and testament of Wm. Fritz, deceased.

May 6, 1868, on motion of Mr. Clark, E. R. Little is appointed Auditor to make distribution of the balance in the hands of said accountants to the creditors of said deceased.

By the Court. From the record.

JESSE COLEMAN, Clerk.

Notice is hereby given that I will attend to the duties of the above appointment at my office in Bloomsburg, on Saturday, the 20th day of June next, at ten o'clock a. m., when and where all persons are required to present their claims before me or be debarred from coming in for a share of the assets. E. R. LITTLE,

May 22, 4t. Auditor.

UNITED STATES MAILS.

PENNSYLVANIA.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,

WASHINGTON, April 13, 1868.

PROPOSALS will be received at the Contract Office of this Department until 3 P. M., of WEDNESDAY, May 20, 1868 for conveying the mails of the United States, from July 1, 1868, to June, 30, 1872, in the state of

PENNSYLVANIA,

on the routes and by the schedule of departures and arrivals herein specified.

Decisions announced by May 30, 1868.

The following routes were mostly advertised October 31, 1867, but, from various causes were not let:

1909 From Norristown, by Hickorytown and Plymouth Meeting, to Barren Hill, 6 miles and back, three times a week.

Leave Norristown Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8 a m;

Arrive at Barren Hill by 9.30 a m;

Leave Barren Hill Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 10 a m;

Arrive at Norristown by 11 a m;

1910 From Norristown, by Penn's Square, Centre Square, Worcester, Skippack, Ledrackaville and Salfordsville, to Sumneytown, 19½ miles and back, three times a week.

Leave Norristown Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 4 p m;

Arrive at Sumneytown by 8 p. m.

Leave Sumneytown Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 6 a m;

Arrive at Norristown by 11 a m;

1911 From Jeffersonville, by Shannonville and Port Providence, to Phœnixville, 8 miles and back, three times a week.

Leave Jeffersonville Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 5 p m;

Arrive at Phœnixville by 7 p m;

Leave Phœnixville Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 5.30 a m;

Arrive at Jeffersonville by 7.30 a m;

1918 From Zeiglersvill, by Frederick, Douglass, Colebrook Dale and Clayton, to Hereford, 16¾ miles and back, twice a week;

Leave Zeiglersville Tuesday and Saturday at 1 p m;

Arrive at Hereford by 5 p m;

Leave Hereford Monday and Friday at 5.30 a m;

Arrive at Zeiglersville by 7 a m;

1920 From North Wales, by Union Square, Franconia and Tylersport, to Trumbaursville, 16 miles and back once a week.

Leave North Wales Saturday at 6 a m;

Arrive at Trumbaursville Saturday by 12 m;

Leave Trumbaursville Saturday at 1 p m;

Arrive at North Wales by 6 p m.

1921 From Jeffersonville, by Fairview Village Lower Providence, Schwenk's Store, Zeiglersville and Perkiomenville, to Red Hill, 19 miles and back, three times a week.

Leave Jeffersonville Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 5.30 a m;

Arrive at Red Hill by 5.30 p m;

Leave Red Hill Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 5 a m;

Arrive at Jeffersonville by 11 a m.

1925 From Upper Dublin, by Three Tons, to Prospectville, 5 miles and back, three times a week.

Schedule to be arranged to the satisfaction of the postmasters, making due connection with mail train on Railroad.

Proposals for more frequent service invited.

1937 From Quakertown, by Richlandtown, Pleasant Valley and Springtown, to Durham, 16 miles and back, three times a week.

Leave Quakertown Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 1 p m;

Arrive at Durham by 6 p m;

Leave Durham Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 7 a m;

Arrive at Quakertown by 12 m.

1943 From Lancaster, by Willow Street, Martinsville, New Providence, Camargo, and Quarryville, to Mechanics Grove, 18¾ miles and back, three times a week.

Leave Lancaster Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 2.30 p m;

Arrive at Mechanic's Grove by 8 p. m.

Leave Mechanics Grove, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6 a m;

Arrive at Lancaster by 11 a m.

1949 From Reamstown, by Swartzville, Adamstown, Gonglersville and Cumru, to Reading, 15 miles and back, three times a week.

Leave Reamstown Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8 a m;

Arrive at Reading by 5 p m;

Leave Reading Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8 a m;

Arrive at Reamstown by 12 m.

1951 From Sporting Hill, by Old Lime and Mastersonville, to Colebrook, 9 miles and back, twice a week.

Leave Sporting Hill Wednesday and Saturday at 9 a m;

Arrive at Colebrook by 12 m;

Leave Colebrook Wednesday and Saturday at 1 p m;

Arrive at Sporting Hill by 4 p m.

1956 From Gap, by Buyerstown, to intersouse, 6 miles and back, three times a week.

Leave Gap Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 11 a m;

Arrive at Intercourse by 1 p m;

Leave Intercourse Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 1 a m;

Arrive at Gap by 2 a m.

1956 From Lititz to Brunnerville, 2¾ miles, and back twice a week.

Leave Lititz Wednesday and Saturday at 1 p m;

Arrive at Brunnerville by 2 p. m.

Leave Brunnerville Wednesday and Saturday at 3 p m;

Arrive at Lititz by 4 p m;

1960 From Halifax, by Enterline and Enders, to Fisherville, 9 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Halifax Saturday at 1 p m;

Arrive at Fisherville by 4 p m;

Leave Fisherville Saturday at 9 a m;

Arrive at Halifax by 12 m.

1972 From Lebanon, by Cornwall, to Mount Hope, 10 miles and back six times a week to Cornwall and twice a week the residue.

Leave Lebanon daily except Sunday, at 8.30 a. m;

Arrive at Cornwall by 11 a m;

Leave Cornwall daily except Sunday, at 7.30 a m;

Arrive at Lebanon by 9 a m;

Leave Cornwall Tuesday and Saturday at 1 p m;

Arrive at Mount Hope by 2 p m;

Leave Mount Hope Tuesday and Saturday at 3 p m;

Arrive at Cornwall by 4 p m.

2011 From Freemansburg, by Lower Saucan, to Stout's, 9 miles and back once a week.

Leave Freemansburg Thursday at 7 a m;

Arrive at Stout's by 10 a m;

Leave Stout's Thursday at 1 p m;

Arrive at Freemansburg by 4 p m.

2018 From Bethlehem, by Hanoverville and Bath, to Chapman Quarries, 11¾ miles and back, three times a week.

Leave Bethlehem Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 2 p m;

Arrive at Chapman Quarries by 5 p m;

Leave Chapman Quarries Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6 a m;

Arrive at Bethlehem by 9 a m.

2050 From Danville, by Rushtown and Kline's Grove to Sny dertown, 12 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Danville at 8 a m;

Arrive at Snyderstown by 12 m;

Leave Snyderstown Saturday at 1 p m;

Arrive at Danville by 5 p m.

2063 From Pittston, by Ransom, Falls and La Grange, to Tunkhannock, 22 miles and back, twice a week.

Leave Pittston Monday and Wednesday at 8 a m;

Arrive at Tunkhannock by 4 p m;

Leave Tunkhannock Tuesday and Saturday at 1 p m;

Arrive at Pittston by 7 p m.

2070 From Shickshinny, by Mubilenberg, to Sweet Valley, 10 miles and back, twice a week.

Leave Shickshinny Monday and Thursday at 10 a m;

Arrive at Sweet Valley at 1 p m;

Leave Sweet Valley Monday and Thursday at 2 p m;

Arrive at Shickshinny by 5 p m.

2081 From Old Forge, by Milwaukee, Bald Mount and Mill City to Factoryville, 19 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Old Forge Tuesday at 9 a m;

Arrive at Factoryville by 3 p m;

Leave Factoryville Wednesday at 9 a m;

Arrive at Old Forge by 3 p m.

Proposals invited for service three times a week.

2082 From Scranton to Dunmore, 2 miles and back, six times a week.

Leave Scranton daily, except Sunday, at 4.15 p m;

Arrive at Dunmore by 5 p m;

Leave Dunmore daily, except Sunday, at 9 a m;

Arrive at Scranton by 9.45 a m.

2092 From Lovelton to Bella Sylva, 6 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Lovelton Tuesday at 10 a m;

Arrive at Bella Sylva by 12 m;

Leave Bella Sylva Tuesday at 7 a m;

Arrive at Lovelton by 9 a m.

2095 From Canton, by East Canton, Le Roy, West Franklin and Franklin Dale, to Towanda, 26 miles and back, three times a week.

Leave Canton Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 11 a m;

Arrive at Towanda by 5 p m;

Leave Towanda Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 1 p m;

Arrive at Canton by 7.30 p m;

Proposals invited for service six times a week.

2105 From New Oxford by Green Ridge, Hampton and Round Hill, to York Sulphur Springs, 11 miles and back, twice a week.

Leave New Oxford Tuesday and Saturday at 1 p m.

Arrive at York Sulphur Springs 3 p m;

Leave York Sulphur Springs Tuesday and Saturday at 5 a m;

Arrive at New Oxford by 8 a m

Proposals for more frequent service also invited

2275 From Reedsville to Lock's Mills, 5 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Reedsville Saturday at 11 a m;

Arrive at Lock's Mills by 1 p m;

Leave Lock's Mills Saturday at 8 a m;

Arrive at Reedsville by 10 a m.

2281 From Woodland to Grahamtown, 5 miles and back, twice a week.

Leave Woodland Tuesday and Saturday at 11 a m;

Arrive at Grahamtown by 12 m;

Leave Grahamtown Tuesday and Saturday at 1 p. m;

Arrive at Woodland by 2 p m.

2328 From Carmichael's, by Ceylon and Willow Tree, to Tunkhannock, 22 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Carmichael's Wednesday at 1 p m;

Arrive at Davistown by 4 p m.

Leave Davistown Wednesday at 9 a m;

Arrive at Carmichael's at 12 m.

2339 From Pittsburg, by West View, Perrysville Williams, Wexford, Ogle, Zelinople, Harmony and Whitestown, to Prospect, 30½ miles & back, three times a week.

Leave Pittsburg Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7 a m;

Arrive at Prospect by 7 p m;

Leave Prospect Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 a m;

Arrive at Pittsburg by 7 p m;

Proposals for more frequent service also invited.

2345 From Sharpsburg, by Dorseyville, Rural Ridge, Cainneyville, and Riddle's Cross-roads, to Saxonburg, 20 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Sharpsburg Friday at 8 a m;

Arrive at Saxonburg by 6 p m;

Leave Saxonburg Thursday at 6 a m;

Arrive at Sharpsburg by 4 p m.

2349 From Pittsburg, by Buchanan, Ormsby, & Hope Church, to Lebanon Church, 16½ miles and back, twice daily, except Sunday, to Buchanan, and twice a week the residue.

Leave Pittsburg daily, except Sunday, at 6.30 a m and 4-30 p m;

Arrive at Buchanan by 7-15 a m and 5 p m;

Leave Buchanan daily, except Sunday, at 6 a m and 1-30 p m;

Arrive at Pittsburg by 6-30 a m and 2 p m;

Leave Buchanan Wednesday and Saturday at 7-30 a m;

Arrive at Lebanon Church by 9-30 a m;

Leave Lebanon Church Wednesday and Saturday at 10 a m;

Arrive at Buchanan by 12 m.

2352 From Turtle Creek to Monroeville, 6½ miles and back, twice a week.

Leave Turtle Creek Wednesday and Saturday at 9 a m;

Arrive at Monroeville by 10-30 a m;

Leave Monroeville Wednesday and Saturday at 7 a m;

Arrive at Turtle Creek by 8-30 a m.

2353 From Pittsburg to West Manchester, 2½ miles and back, six times a week.

Leave Pittsburg daily, except Sunday, at 10-15 a m;

Arrive at West Manchester by 11 a m.

Leave West Manchester daily, except Sunday, at 9 a m;

Arrive at Pittsburg by 10 a m.

2354 From Tarentum, by Landsville, (n. o.,) to Saxonburg, 12 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Tarentum Saturday at 8 a m;

Arrive at Saxonburg by 12 m;

Leave Saxonburg Saturday at 1 p m;

Arrive at Tarentum by 5 p m.

2360 From Harmony, by Middle, Lancaster, Portersville, Wilne Roy, Harlensburg, and Leesburg to Mercer, 31 miles and back, three times a week.

Leave Harmony Monday, Wednesday and Friday after arrival of Pittsburg mail say at 4 p m;

Arrive at Mercer by 10 p m;

Leave Mercer Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 3 a m;

Arrive at Harmony by 9 a m.

2370 From Slippery Rock, by Harrisville, Wesley, and East Sandy, to Franklin, 27 miles and back, three times a week.

Leave Slippery Rock Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 9 a m;

Arrive at Franklin by 6 p m;

Leave Franklin Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 7 a m;

Arrive at Slippery Rock by 4 p m.

2380 From Elk Run to Gray's Valley, 2 miles & back twice a week.

Leave Elk Run Tuesday and Saturday at 2-30 p m;

Arrive at Gray's Valley by 3-15 p m;

Leave Gray's Valley Tuesday and Saturday at 3-45 p m;

Arrive at Elk Run, by 4-30 p m.

2390 From Gaines, by Long Run to Sabinsville 11 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Gaines Wednesday at 7 a m;

Arrive at Sabinsville by 10 a m;

Leave Sabinsville Wednesday at 2 p m;

Arrive at Gaines by 5 p m.

2106 From Jersey Shore, by Phelps' Mills, to Haneyville, 16 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Jersey Shore Thursday at 6 a m;

Arrive at Haneyville by 12 m;

Leave Haneyville Thursday at 1 p m;

Arrive at Jersey Shore by 6 p m.

2115 From Muney, by Wolf Run and Huntersville, to Hill's Grove, 21 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Muney Tuesday at 12 m;

Arrive at Hill's Grove by 7 p m;

Leave Hill's Grove Tuesday, at 6 a m;

Arrive at Muney by 12 m.

2121 From Lock Haven to Island, 2½ miles and back, once a week.

Leave Lock Haven Saturday at 10 a m;

Arrive at Island by 11 a m;

Leave Island Saturday at 11-30 a m;

Arrive at Lock Haven by 12-30 p m;

Proposals for more frequent service also invited.

2125 From Westport, by Leidy, Hammersley's Fork, and Cross Fork, to Kettle Creek, 30 miles and back, twice a week.

Leave Westport Tuesday and Friday at 6-30 a m;

Arrive at Kettle Creek at 6-30 p m;

Leave Kettle Creek Wednesday and Saturday at 7 a m;

Arrive at Westport by 7 p m.

2128 From Ridgeway by Kersey's, Caledonia, & Tyler's, to Penfield, 27 miles and back, twice a week.

Leave Ridgeway Tuesday and Saturday at 9 am

Arrive at Penfield by 6 p m;

Leave Penfield Monday and Friday at 6 a m;

Arrive at Ridgeway by 3 p m.

2141 From Brookville, by Richardsville, Schoffner's Corners, and Arroyo, to Ridgeway, 31 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Brookville Thursday at 7 a m;

Arrive at Ridgeway by 5 p m;

Leave Ridgeway Wednesday at 7 a m;

Arrive at Brookville by 3 p m.

2148 From Raymilton, by Henderson, Perrine, Penfield, to Mercer, 31 miles and back, 3 times a week.

Leave Raymilton Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 8 a m;

Arrive at Mercer by 12 m;

Leave Mercer Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 2 p m;

Arrive at Raymilton by 6 p m.

2156 From Franklin to Dempseytown, 9 miles and back, twice a week.

Leave Franklin Tuesday and Saturday at 1 p m;

Arrive at Dempseytown by 4 p m;

Leave Dempseytown on Tuesday and Saturday at 8 a m;

Arrive at Franklin by 11-30

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, MAY 22, '68.

THERE is a large sprinkling of Darkie Delegates amongst the members in the Chicago Radical Convention. Palemon John is not there.

THE *Republican* heads an editorial "Another Scoundrel Pardoned." We did not read it, but suppose our neighbor refers to the Greenwood cases.

MANY interesting matters are crowded out this week by a press of advertisements. Our increasing circulation brings the advertiser before a larger list of readers at each issue.

P. JOHN we perceive did not go to Chicago. Having immortalized himself at Baltimore four years ago, by going for Andrew Johnson, he can now rest upon his laurels. Happy Palemon!

BY reference to our columns for the past week and this, it will be seen we have given our readers a full report of the Court proceedings, and with a minuteness never done by any other paper. To get all the news at home and abroad, subscribe for the COLUMBIAN.

THE work on the Bloomsburg State Normal School Buildings is being pushed rapidly forward. Our citizens are manifesting an interest in it that promises its complete success. The building committee are Judge Rupert, Judge Elwell and Wm. Neal Esq.

THE Sunbury *Gazette*, in alluding to the recent assault by S. Peter Kase, asks if the "misunderstanding was a political one?" We would say in reply that we do not know whether his thrashing was a Democratic or a Republican one. We did not know Simon's politics or those of his opponent.

WE had hoped to be able to give the nominations for President and Vice President by the Republican convention which met at Chicago on Wednesday last but no buisiness was transacted except effecting an organization with ex-Gov. Joseph R. Hawley of Connecticut as President.

MR. C. C. MARR has again renewed his stock of Dry Goods, Groceries and Notions, at the South West corner of Main and Iron Streets, Bloomsburg; and the public is respectfully invited to call and examine the assortment upon his shelves. His motto is "Small profits and quick sales."

WE have had many statements of discovery of coal and Iron ore, in the upper end of Columbia county, along the waters of the Fishing creek. Will some of our friends there, give us a statement of facts for publication? A rail road down the creek is very desirable, and coal and iron would make it certainty. Let us have the facts.

WE would call the careful attention of our readers to the article in another column headed, "The Battle, the Battle-field and the Candidate." We agree with the sentiments therein expressed, and believe they will be endorsed by the people. It is no time, in our opinion, to throw away our chances of success by nominating a man on whom the entire Democratic party cannot concentrate.

GROSS frauds are often perpetrated by certain men who palm off worthless goods on the community. In strong contrast to these robbers, stands our friend Chemberlin. His fine patterns of cloths &c., for Spring and Summer wear, are just what he says they are, *good, neat, durable* and *cheap*. He never deceives you, whilst his suits always fit. Do not fail to try him.

DURING the past week we have printed and circulated among the people extra COLUMBIANS giving them goatuitous information of the result of the Impeachment trial. We trust our enterprise in this particular will be appreciated by the people, and prompt efforts made to increase our circulation so as to give us the means of repeating the experiment whenever occasion may demand.

IN the Episcopal Convention last week, the Bishop's salary was raised to $6500,00.

The following Clerical and Lay deputies were chosen to represent the Diocese in the General Convention, which meets in New York in October next:

Rev. Drs. Howe, Hare, Goodwin, Marple, and Hon. John N. Conyngham, Geo. L. Harrison, Lemuel Coffin and William Welsh.

THANKS.—Our thanks are due Mrs. Col. Brockway, of Salem, for a fine lot of excellent Pie plant, and some bulbs, by which we will be enabled to raise our own by next season. Mrs. Brockway invariably remembers the "Printers" when she has anything enjoyable. —*Berwick Gazette.*

Please recommend us to Mrs. B. friend Sanders. As we are one of the craft, she might be induced to send us some. Don't say anything to her about "charity beginning at home."

ACCIDENT.—On Friday afternoon, about 5 o'clock, the kitchen chimney at the Exchange Hotel fell with a crash, the bricks and mortar tearing through floor and ceiling, and piling themselves in a confused mass on the kitchen floor. The base of the chimney had been partially displaced to allow the setting of a new range, and undoubtedly weakened too much to support the weight above. The new range was completely demolished. The loss will probably reach $200

A GOOD suit of clothes is by no means an easy thing to obtain. No matter how good the material may be, if it is not made up with judgment and taste, it will neither wear well, look well, nor give ease and comfort. Mr. David Lowenberg has, at his well known establishment, a collection of goods which has never been equalled in this County, and what is more, he has workmen who know how to use these goods to the best advantage. There is no place where satisfaction is given more universally. By all means consult your

Court Proceedings Continued.

QUARTER SESSIONS.

Jackson twp.—Petition for road at a point near Joseph Butts' ect. Viewers appointed, Alinas Cole, Josiah Fritz and Wm B. Peterman.

Briar Creek twp.—Petition for road near Thos. Adams' etc. Viewers appointed, John Kelchner, Wm Whitmoyer and Samuel Neyhard.

Orange twp.—Petition for road near Wm Delongs' etc. Viewers appointed, Jesse Hoffman, Aaron Kelchner and Samuel Neyhard.

Madison twp.—Petition for road near Andrew Ohls' etc. Viewers appointed John H. Fritz, Mathew M'Henry and Abraham Knouse.

Briar Creek twp.—Petition for road near S. E. Smiths' etc. Viewers appointed, E. G. Ricketts, John Snyder and Samuel Neyhard.

Main twp.—Petition for road near Jacob Shuman's etc. Viewers appointed, Levi Yetter, John Keifer, and B. P. Fortner.

Centre twp.—Petition for road; near School House on land of M. M. Hicks etc. Viewers appointed, Hudson Owen Isaac Bower and Jacob W. Dietterick.

Centre twp.—Petition for road near Tenant House of Jos. P. Conner etc. Viewers appointed, Wm Lamon, Jonathan Eck and David Shaffer Sr.

Franklin twp.—Petition for review of road near Reuben Regels' etc. Reviewers appointed, Wm Campbell, Elijah Yocum and Daniel Leiby.

Beaver twp.—Petition for review of road near John Schells' etc. Reviewers appointed, J. H. Hetler, Jno. R. Yoho and Aaron Hess.

Conyngham twp.—Petition for road. Viewers appointed, Peter Swank, Reuben Fahringer and Elias Creasy.

Mt. Pleasant twp.—Petition for road near Jno. Wanich's etc. Viewers appointed, Jno. Smith Esq. Richard Demott and Jacob Manning.

Upon petition of citizens of Greenwood twp. Jacob Evans appointed Constable of said twp.

Court ordered that hereafter no license for the sale of liquors would be granted unless presented by an attorney of the bar of the County.

Upon petition of citizens of Conyngham twp. Wm. Goodman appointed Constable for said twp.

ORPHANS COURT.

Upon petition, Cyrus Robbins appointed Guardian of the persons and estates of Amanda E. and Lemuel Robbins minor children of Thos. J. Robbins deceased.

Upon petition, Wm Shaffer appointed Guardian of the persons and estates of Emma A. Alice V. J. A. Clarence and Franklin P. Freas, minor children of Andrew Freas deceased.

Upon petition, Jacob W. Dietterich appointed Guardian of the estate of Ira Dietterich a minor child of Elizabeth Dietterich deceased.

Upon petition, John Lore appointed Guardian of the person and estate of Harriet L. Cornelison a minor child of Geo. W. Cornelison deceased.

Upon petition, Fredrick Hossler appointed Guardian of the person and estate of Hezikeah Hossler minor child of Henry Hossler.

Upon petition, Aaron W. Hess appointed Guardian of the persons and estates of Fanny M. and Emma May Hess, minor children of Chas. H. Hess deceased.

Upon petition, John Longenberger appointed Guardian of the persons and estates of Elizabeth, Elmer E. and John M'Clellan Mensch, minor children of Andrew Mensch deceased.

Upon petition, Lewis Yetter appointed Guardian of the persons and estates of Julia and Jane Clark minor children of David W. Clark deceased.

Upon petition, Benj. Zimmerman appointed Guardian of the persons and estates of Mary C. and Henry P. Helwig minor children of Peter S. Helwig deceased.

Upon petition, C. B. Brockway appointed Guardian of the persons and estates of John S. and Isaiah Owens minor children of Jno. L. Owens deceased.

Upon petition, Jacob Schuyler appointed Guardian of the person and estate of Agnes Mellick minor child of W. W. Mellick deceased.

Upon petition, Franklin Rarig appointed Guardian of the person and estate of Lucy Ann Helwig minor child of Reuben Helwig deceased.

In the matter of est. of Rebecca Vanderslice deceased. Rule returned and Court award properties marked A. B. and C. in return of inquest to John H. Vanderslice at his bids.

In the matter of the est. of John Dietterich dec'd. Rule returned and properties awarded to Isaiah Dietterick at his bid.

Upon petition of John M. Barton, John and Rebecca Bitters adopted as his children.

In the matter of the estate of Henry Fedder dec'd. Rule returned. Purpart No. 1 awarded to Henry W. Fedder at his bid and the remaining four to be sold by Samuel Creasy, Executor.

In the matter of the estate of Peter Whitenight dec'd. Rule returned and property awarded to Henry Whitenight at his bid.

Upon petition, Court orders sale of real estate of George Yinger dec'd by Lewis Christopher his Administrator.

Upon petition, Court orders sale of real estate of Mathias Rhone dec'd. by Samuel Rhone his Admr.

Upon petition, Court orders sale of real estate of Henry Hossler dec'd. by the Guardian of minor children of said dec'd. John Shuman.

In the matter of the estate of Harriet J. Eyer dec'd. Court awards citation in specific performance of contract with Jacob J. Keller and Wm Schuyler.

In the estate of Peter Mellick dec'd. Court awards citation in specific performance of contract with Alem C. Vanliew, Assignee of James Meredith.

In the estate of Peter S. Helwig dec'd. Court awards citation in specific performance of contract with George Getty.

In the estate of Joseph Pilkington dec'd, Court awards citation in specific performance of contract with Parvin [illegible].

In the estate of George M'Michael dec'd, Court awards citation in specific performance of contract with John Michael.

Upon petition, citation awarded upon A. Case, Executor of Hester Grett dec'd. to file his account.

Upon petition, Court allows a further annual allowance of $50 to Elizabeth Elston.

Upon petition, John H. Heller, Executor of Henry G. Miller, dec'd, discharged from his Executorship.

Upon petition of A. B. Stewart, Executor of George Wirt dec'd. petitioner discharged from his Trusteeship of Susan S. Wirt, and Hervey H. Grotz appointed Trustee in his stead.

Report of sale of real estate of Oliver P. Runyan dec'd. confirmed ni. si.

Report of sale of real estate of George W. Palmer dec'd confirmed ni. si.

Report of sale of real estate of Henry Bauman dec'd. confirmed ni. si.

Upon petition, inquest awarded upon the estate of Wm Clark dec'd.

Upon petition, inquest awarded upon the estate of Charles H. Hess dec'd.

Return of inquest on real estate of Peter Mellick dec'd confirmed ni. si.

Return of inquest on real estate of Solomon Hartman dec'd. confirmed ni. si.

Washington News.

WASHINGTON, May 18.

ON Saturday when the Senate had adjourned as a Court, the President *pro tem.* resumed the chair vacated by the Chief Justice, and the concurrent resolution of the House, providing for an adjournment of Congress to Monday the 25th inst., was taken up. It gave rise to a lengthy debate, during which an allusion to the vote on the impeachment question gave Mr. Henderson an opportunity to explain his position. Mr. Sumner argued in favor of an adjournment on the ground that Congress ought not to hold communication, as it must if legislative business was proceeded with, with the President until impeachment was decided. After further debate the resolution was rejected yeas 22, nays 29, and the Senate adjourned.

The members of the House, immediately after assembling, proceeded to the Senate Chamber, in pursuance of an invitation to attend the impeachment trial. On returning, Mr. Eldridge presented, as a question of privilege, a resolution directing the appointment of a select committee to investigate the motives which led members of the House to address a letter to Senator Henderson, attempting to influence his vote on the articles of impeachment. The Speaker was of opinion that the resolution did not present a question of privilege, but submitted the question to the House, which sustained his decision by a vote of yeas 28, nays 82. Mr. Bingham from the Impeachment Managers, submitted a preamble and resolution reciting that they had received information which rendered it probable that corrupt means had been employed to influence votes on the impeachment question in the Senate, and asking that the Managers be allowed to investigate the matter. The resolution was received and Mr. Bingham proceeded to argue in favor of its adoption, and after considerable opposition by the Democratic members the resolution was adopted, yeas, 88; nays, 13. The House then adjourned to Monday.

WASHINGTON, May 19.

SENATE.

After the transaction of some unimportant business, Mr. Harlan made a personal explanation denying the report that he had prayed with Senator Willey in order to convert him to the impeachment doctrine. Mr. Drake moved to reconsider the vote by which the Senate had disagreed to the House resolution for an adjournment till Tuesday, May 26. The Chair having announced that the resolution had gone back to the House, a resolution was adopted, requesting the House to return it. Mr. Buckalew rose to a privileged question, and called attention to the fact that the House was encroaching upon the privileges of the Senate in making an investigation as to the motives of Senators in voting for the acquittal of the President.

HOUSE.

The Speaker proceeded, as the regular order of business on Monday morning, to the call of the States for bills and joint resolutions for reference only. On motion of Mr. Eggleston, of Ohio, a select committee of five was appointed to investigate the charge against the Missouri members of improperly attempting to influence the vote of Senator Henderson on impeachment. Mr. Stevens offered a resolution that the Senate be requested to furnish a certified copy of the proceedings of the last two days of the trial of the President. He intimated that his reason for calling for the record of the proceedings was, that the conduct of the Senators might be exposed to the world, and they held responsible for not convicting the President. Mr. Woodward made a solemn protest against Mr. Stevens' remarks, declaring that such meddling with the Court was indelicate and indecent. Mr. Schenck replied to Mr. Woodward. The resolution was then adopted. The House shortly after adjourned.

Just So.

The Scranton *Republican* says:—

"After all has been said as to the 'independence' and the "individual responsibility" of Senators, the fact remains that this Government is a representative Democracy—that Senators are but the representatives of the people—chosen not to foist their own peculiar views on the country, but to execute the popular will. No Senator, possessed of proper self respect, can set at defiance the will of those who elected him and still hold the seat which is their gift. If he cannot conscientiously execute their purposes, he should resign, and return to the hands of the people the power he is not willing to be the instrument of. If he will neither execute the popular fiat nor give place to one who will, what can be expected but popular tumult and indignation?"

We would ask our cotemporary if impeachment would be benefited if Senators would vote according to the will of the people in their respective States? Let us illustrate. New York last fall gave 50,000 Democratic majority and is represented by two Radical Senators. New Jersey gave 15,000 Democratic majority, and is represented by two Radicals. If popular verdicts count for anything, President Johnson should have the votes of Senators from California, Ohio, Kentucky, Pennsylvania, Maryland, New Jersey, Delaware, New York, Connecticut, Kansas and Indiana, which would give his friends the control of the Senate.

Market Report.

Wheat per bushel	$2 35
Rye "	1 35
Corn "	1 25
Oats "	70
Flour per barrel	14 00
Cloverseed "	7 00
Flaxseed "	2 50
Butter "	30
Eggs "	20
Tallow "	14
Potatoes "	1 00
Dried Apples "	2 50
Pork "	13
Hams "	15
Sides and Shoulders "	15
Lard per pound	14
Hay per ton	16 00

LUMBER.

Hemlock Boards per thousand feet	$16 00
Pine " (one inch)	18 00
Joist, Scantling, Plank, Hemlock	15 00
Shingles, Sawed, Pine	3 00
" " " Hemlock	2 00
Siding " "	18 00
Plank—	
No. 1 Scotch, pig	$29
No. 2 "	$26
Bloom	$45

Philadelphia Markets.

THURSDAY, May 21, 1868.

FLOUR—	
Northwestern superfine	$8 50@ 8 75
Northwestern extra	9 00@ 9 50
Northwestern family	10 00@11 75
Pennsylvania and Western superfine	8 75@ 9 00
Pennsylvania and Western extra	9 50@10 00
Pennsylvania and Western family	10 00@12 75
Pennsylvania and Western fancy	13 00@15 00
Rye flour	8 50
WHEAT—Pennsylvania red, p bu	$2 80@3 00
" Southern " "	$2 60@2 75
" California " "	3 30
" white " "	$3 15@3 40
RYE—Pennsylvania & Western	$1 75@1 78
CORN—Yellow	$1 17@1 18
" White	$1 17@1 17
OATS—Prime	78@80c
PROVISIONS—Mess Pork, p bbl	$26 50
" Mess Beef "	$24 50
Dressed Hogs, p lb	8½@9c
Smoked Hams "	17@18c
" Shoulders "	12½@13c
Lard, p lb	12½@13c
SEEDS—Cloverseed p bus	$7 50@8 00
Timothy seed "	$2 50
Flaxseed "	$2 80@2 85
CATTLE—Best Cattle p lb	11@11½c
" Cows, p head	$45@$60
SHEEP—p lb	6@8c
HOGS—p 100 lbs	$14@14.75

LEGAL NOTICES.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF ELEAZAR H. HESS, DECEASED.

Letters of administration *de bonis non* on the estate of Eleazar H. Hess, late of Centre township, Columbia County, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said County, to Daniel Hess, administrator, who resides in Mifflin township. All persons having claims or demands against the said estate are requested to present them for settlement without delay, and those indebted to make payment.

DANIEL A. HESS,
April 24,'68-6t.* Administrator, *de bonis non.*

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF PETER S. HELWIG, DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of Peter S Helwig, late of Conyngham twp., Columbia co., deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Rachel Helwig and William Goodman, of Conyngham township. All persons having claims or demands against the estate of the decedent are requested to make them known, and those indebted to make payment.

RACHEL HELWIG, } Administrators
WM. GOODMAN. }
April 17'68.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF SAMUEL BRUGLER DEC'D

Letters testamentary on the estate of Samuel Brugler, late of Hemlock township, Columbia county have been granted by the Register of Columbia County to Jane Brugler and Peter Brugler, of said Township. All persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate either on note or book account will make payment to the Executors without delay.

JANE BRUGLER,
PETER BRUGLER,
May 1,'68-6t.* Executors.

NOTICE.

The Township Auditors will do well to examine the Sheep Law passed May 20th 1857, P. L. Page 501, Sec. 1, as to their duties as Sheep appraisers and to the "provisions of an Act" approved March 29th 1861, P. L. Page 221, as the Commissioners will issue no orders for sheep damage after this date, unless the law be complied with.

JOHN F. FOWLER, }
MONT. COLE, } Com'rs.
Attest, DAVID YEAGER. }
Wm. Krickbaum, Clerk. [May 8,'68.]

LEVI LEIB FOR THE USE OF DANIEL MORRIS vs. GEORGE LEIB. } In the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County Fi Fa No. 37 May T—1868.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, appointed an auditor by the said Court, to distribute the fund arising from the Sheriff's sale of the real estate of defendant, and ordered to be paid into Court; will attend at the Register's office in Bloomsburg, on Saturday, June 6th, 1868, for the purpose of making said distribution. All persons are hereby required to make their claims to said fund before the auditor at the time specified, or be debarred from coming in upon said fund.

JOHN G. FREEZE,
May 15,'68-3t. Auditor.
["GAZETTE" please copy.]

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, Pa., on Saturday, the 30th day of May inst., at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, Samuel Rhone Administrator of Mathias Rhone late of Jackson township, in said county, deceased, will expose to sale, by public vendue, on the premises, a certain messuage and

TRACT OF LAND,

situate in Jackson township, in said county of Columbia, bounded and described as follows to wit: bounded by lands of David Golder on the north, lands of Neyhart & Kile on the south, lands of Samuel Yorks on the west, lands of Jesse Rhone on the east, containing

ONE HUNDRED & SIX ACRES,

and 126 perches and allowances.

About 50 acres of the above is cleared land, 25 acres of which is good Meadow land, and the balance is well timbered with Chestnut and Rock Oak. There is on the premises a good Bank Barn in good

PLANK DWELLING HOUSE,

a good spring of water and spring house near the door, and a large variety of fruit trees, into the estate of said deceased, situate in the township of Jackson, and county aforesaid.

Bloomsburg, May 6, '68. JESSE COLEMAN Clerk.

Conditions of Sale.—Ten per cent of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale. One-fourth of the purchase money less the ten per cent to be paid on the confirmation of the sale, and the balance in one year from the confirmation of the sale, with interest from confirmation Ni. Si. Possession given on the payment of the ten per cent. Purchaser to pay for deed and stamps. SAMUEL RHONE,
May 8, '68-ts. Administrator.

HENDERSHOTT'S PHARMACY.
OPPOSITE AMERICAN HOUSE.

Where may be found a complete assortment of fresh and pure

DRUGS

MEDICINES, DYE STUFFS, COLORS, OILS, WINDOW-GLASS, LAMPS, LANTERN, SODAS, SOAPS, ALCOHOL, WINES & LIQUORS SYRUPS,

PERFUMERY, TOILET AND FANCY ARTICLES,

which are offered at old time prices. Prescriptions accurately prepared.

Jan 3'68-1y.

PUBLIC NOTICE FROM TREASURER OF CONYNGHAM TOWNSHIP,
On Bounty Fund, for 1867.

CR.

Paid on Bond to T. M. Frick, in full	$1,807 88
" " to Robert Gorrell,	1,000 00
" " " "	700 00
" " " "	76 85
" " Treasurer Commission,	62 15
	3,246 88

DR.

Received of Collectors, Tax,	$2,912 68
" " County Treasurer for unseated Land Tax 1865,	334 20
	3,246 88
	3,246 88

May 1,'68. P. R. WOHLFARTH.

LACKAWANNA AND BLOOMSBURG RAILROAD.

On and after May 18th, 1868, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

	Going South. Leave a. m.	Arrive p. m.	Going North. Arrive a. m.	Leave p. m.
Scranton	8.30	11.10	10.47	Leave
Pittston	6.00	8.38	10.30	9.10
Kingston	6.28	8.45	10.08	8.50
Plymouth	6.42	8.57	9.51	8.25
Shickshinny	7.22	9.30	9.03	7.38
Berwick	7.50	9.53	8.40	6.56
Bloom	8.30	10.40	7.56	6.16
Rupert	8.40	7.04	7.50	6.06
Danville	9.08	7.42	7.02	5.30
	Arrive	Leave	Arrive	Leave
North'd	9.50	9.55	6.25	5.45

The 10.10 Train at Scranton makes connections with Express Train for New York at 3 o'clock p. m., arriving in New York 9.00 p. m.

H. A. FONDA, Sup't.

1867. PHILADELPHIA AND ERIE RAILROAD.—WINTER TIME TABLE. 1867.

SHORTEST AND DIRECT ROUTE BETWEEN PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, HARRISBURG, WILLIAMSPORT, AND THE GREAT OIL REGION OF PENNSYLVANIA.

ELEGANT SLEEPING CARS
On all Night Trains.

On and after MONDAY, MAY 11th, 1868, the Trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Rail Road will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Philadelphia	11.15 p. m.
" " arr. at Erie	8.50 p. m.
ERIE EXPRESS leaves Philadelphia	12.00 m.
" " North'd	8.00 p. m.
" " arr. at Erie	10.05 a. m.
ELMIRA MAIL leaves Philadelphia	8.00 a. m.
" " North'd	4.25 p. m.
" " arr. at Lock Haven	7.45 p. m.

EASTWARD.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Erie	11.00 a. m.
" " North'd	11.50 p. m.
" " arr. at Philadelphia	7.40 a. m.
ERIE EXPRESS leaves Erie	7.40 p. m.
" " North'd	9.45 a. m.
" " arr. at Philadelphia	1.00 p. m.
ELMIRA MAIL leaves Lock Haven	7.10 a. m.
" " North'd	10.16 a. m.
" " arr. at Philadelphia	6.10 p. m.

Mail and Express connects with all trains on WARREN & FRANKLIN RAILWAY. Passengers leaving Philadelphia at 12.00 M. arrive at Irvineton at 6.40 p. m. and 041 City at 9.30 a.m.

Leaving Philadelphia at 8.00 P. M. arrive 041 at City at 4.55 p. m.

All trains on Warren & Franklin Railway make close connection at 041 with trains for Franklin and Petroleum Centre. Baggage checked through.

A. L. TYLER,
General Superintendent, Williamsport.

ATTENTION!

The undersigned having introduced Steam into his Tannery at

LIGHT STREET, PA.,

would respectfully inform the public that he is prepared to pay the highest cash prices for Bark. He would add that his Tannery has been refitted and is now in operation as good work as can be done in the country. Bring on your bark and hides.

May 8,'68-3. JAMES W. SANKEY.

To Hotel and Saloon keepers of Bloomsburg and Columbia County.—I have appointed Mr. H. Stedmer agent for the sale of my ale, porter brown stout, and lager beer, who will supply you at the same price (and with the same article), as I would furnish you from the brewery. Knowing that he will be punctual and attentive to all who may favor him with their trade, I solicit for him your support. Very respectfully,

FRED LAUER,
Steam Brewery, Reading, Pa.

WARTMAN & ENGELMAN,
TOBACCO, SNUFF & SEGAR MANUFACTORY,
NO. 315 NORTH THIRD STREET,
Second Door below Wood,
PHILADELPHIA.

J. W. WARTMAN H. P. ENGELMAN

MERCHANDISE.

NEW STOCK OF CLOTHING.
Fresh arrival at
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
DAVID LOWENBERG
Invites attention to his stock of
CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE CLOTHING.
at his store on
Main Street, two doors above the American House,
Bloomsburg, Pa.,
where he has just received from New York and Philadelphia a full assortment of
MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING,
including the most fashionable, durable, and handsome
DRESS GOODS,
consisting of
BOX, SACK, ROCK, GUM, AND OIL-CLOTH COATS AND PANTS,
of all sorts, sizes, and colors. He has also replenished his already large stock of
FALL AND WINTER SHAWLS,
STRIPED, FIGURED, AND PLAIN VESTS,
SHIRTS, CRAVATS, STOCKS, COLLARS,
HANDKERCHIEFS, GLOVES,
SUSPENDERS, AND FANCY ARTICLES
He has constantly on hand a large and well-selected assortment of
CLOTHS AND VESTINGS,
which he is prepared to make to order into any kind of clothing, on very short notice, and in the best manner. All his clothing is made to wear, and most of it is of home manufacture.
GOLD WATCHES AND JEWELRY,
of every description, fine and cheap. His case a jewelry is not surpassed in this place. Call and examine his general assortment of
CLOTHING, WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.
DAVID LOWENBURG.

MERCHANDISE.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

To my friends and the public generally, that all kinds of

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE,
NOTIONS, &C.,

are constantly on hand and for sale
AT BARTON'S OLD STAND,
BLOOMSBURG, BY
JAMES K. EYER.

Also, Sole Agent for ELLIS' PHOSPHATE OF LIME. Large lot constantly on hand. [feb8'67.

NEW CABINET WARE HOUSE.

THE undersigned takes this method to inform the public that he has opened a
NEW FURNITURE WARE HOUSE
In the Waller Brick Building, on Main Street,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,
Which he has purchased and intends to keep permanently filled with Furniture of
CITY AND HOME MANUFACTURE.
IT COMPRISES OF
BED MATRESSES,
SOFAS, LOUNGES
MARBLE TOP CENTRE TABLES
CHAIRS—CUSHIONED, CANE BOTTOMED, AND WOOD BOTTOMED.
EXTENSION TABLES, LOOKING GLASSES,
PARLOR, CHAMBER AND DINING ROOM FURNITURE.

In fact a full assortment of
READY-MADE COFFINS
of all sizes, and of
EVERYTHING IN THE LINE OF HIS TRADE
All of which will be sold
CHEAP FOR CASH.

The public are invited to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

GEORGE W. CORELL.
Bloomsburg, August 16, 1867.

H. C. HOWER,
has opened a first-class
BOOT, SHOE, HAT CAP, AND FUR STORE.

at the old stand on Main Street, Bloomsburg, a few doors above the Court House. His stock is composed of the very latest and best styles ever offered to the citizens of Columbia County. He can accommodate the public with the following goods at the lowest rates. Men's heavy double soled stoga boots, men's double and single tap soled kip boots, men's heavy stoga shoes of all kinds, men's fine boots and shoes of all grades, boy's double soled boots and shoes of all kinds, men's glove kid Balmoral shoes, men's, women's, boys's and misses' lasting gaiters, women's glove kid polish very fine, women's morocco Balmorals and calf shoes, women's very fine kid buttoned gaiters. In short boots of all descriptions both pegged and sewed.

He would also call attention to his fine assortment of
HATS, CAPS, FURS AND NOTIONS.
which comprises all the new and popular varieties at prices which cannot fail to suit all. These goods are offered at the lowest cash rates and will be guaranteed to give satisfaction. A call is solicited before purchasing elsewhere as it is believed that better bargains are to be found than at any other place in the county.
Dec. 6'67

CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
M. C. SLOAN & BROTHER
the successors of
WILLIAM SLOAN & SON
continue the business of making
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES,
and every style of
FANCY WAGONS,
which they have constantly on hand to suit customers. Never using any material but the best and employing the most experienced workmen they hope to continue as heretofore to give entire satisfaction to every customer. An inspection of their work, and of the reasonable price asked for the same, is sure to insure a sale.

NEW FURNITURE STORE
AT MAINVILLE, PA.
A. J. BERNINGER,

Would respectfully announce to the public, that he has opened a new Furniture Store in Mainville, where he keeps all kinds of city and home made
FURNITURE,
cane bottomed and hair cushioned chairs, all styles of Bedsteads and bureaus, tables and stands, and all goods in his line. Repairing neatly and quickly done. House painting and paper-hanging done at short notice and reasonable rates; in the best manner. Also, undertaking at short notice [nov22'67-6*

CLOTHES BY MACHINERY.

The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the public to his new and approved method of making clothes by a system based upon mathematical principles, which renders it impossible to be otherwise than perfectly accurate. He claims for this method the following advantages.

FIRST.
Perfect accuracy.
SECOND.
A saving of two thirds of the time usually taken to cut out the cloth.
THIRD.
Ability to measure any figure so as to insure a good fit.
FOURTH.

That it does away with the necessity of being measured more than once, as often is the case from the misapprehension or mistake of a measurer.

He would urge the public to give it a trial, as he is satisfied that it will give perfect satisfaction. He will be happy to exhibit and explain its working at any time to visitors.

J. W. CHEMBERLIN
March 20, 1868. Main St., below Market.

BLOOMSBURG LITERARY INSTITUTE.
BOARD OF INSTRUCTION.

HENRY CARVER, A. M., Principal and Proprietor,
Professor of Philosophy, &c.

Miss Sarah A. Carver, Preceptress,
Teacher of French, Italian and ornamental branches.

Isaac O. Best, A. B.,
Professor of Ancient Languages

Charles E. Rice, A. B.,
Professor of Mathematics.

F. M. Bates,
Teacher of Book-keeping & English branches.

Miss Alice M. Carver,
Teacher of Instrumental Music.

Miss ——
Teacher of Vocal Music.

Miss Julia Guest,
Teacher in Primary Department.

Spring term commences April 13th, 1868,
March 26,'68.

SADDLE & HARNESS MAKER.
ORANGEVILLE, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PENN'A.

THE undersigned respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has bought out THOMAS RUCKLE, and will continue the business of SADDLE and HARNESS MAKING, in all its various branches, at the old stand above Snyder's Hotel, and hopes to deserve and receive the patronage of all who need articles in his line.

Feb 2, '68. GEORGE LAZARUS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOOK AGENTS WANTED FOR BLOSSING'S HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES—from its discovery to the close of Andrew Johnson's administration; in one royal octavo volume of 800 pages, illustrated by four hundred engravings on wood and twelve engravings on steel; entirely new. For specimens and terms apply to T. BALKNAP, Hartford, Conn., or BLISS & CO., 181 Broad st., Newark, N. J.

AGENTS WANTED, For the PERSONAL HISTORY OF GENERAL GRANT, by A. D. RICHARDSON, author of "Field, Dungeon and Escape," and "Beyond the Mississippi." Material gathered by the author at "Head-quarters in the Field, and from channels opened by

GENERAL GRANT

himself. 25 full page Engravings. Contains matter not to be found in any work. Contents price it the only authorized "Life of Grant." Don't offer an inferior work. "Get the best." Address AMERICAN PUBLISHING CO., Hartford, Conn. or BLISS & CO., 181 Broad st., Newark, N. J.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE WEARING OF THE GREEN.—The greatest book ever published. Its contents are deeply interesting and should be carefully read by every one. The immense demand for this great work stamps it the most successful Book Out. It is decidedly the Book For The Times. It fully illustrates Old Ireland, abounds in Romance, Incident and Wit, showing the Patriotism and Devotion, the Truth and Fervor, of that warm-hearted people, containing 32 pages and over 100 illustrations, bound in cloth, green and gold. Price $3. Agents wanted every where. Exclusive territory given. Send for circulars and sample copy. Wm. FLINT, 58 So. 7th st., Phila., Pa.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE LIFE OF GRANT,
BY A STAFF OFFICER.

This is the only Full, Authentic and Official History of the Life and Public Services of the Great Chieftain, and the only one that is endorsed by all his Leading Generals. Send for Specimen Pages and Circulars with terms. Address National Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

CAUTION.—The country is being flooded with so-called Lives of Grant, written by Civilians and Politicians, who never were in battle. See that the Book you buy is endorsed by all the Leading Generals.

BOOK AGENTS WANTED.

For "People's Book of Biography," by James Parton, the "Prince of Biographers," containing lives of distinguished persons of all ages and countries, women as well as men. A handsome octavo book of over 600 pages, illustrated with 12 beautiful steel engravings. No competition. Agents say it sells faster than any book they ever saw. Terms liberal. Send for circulars. Address A. S. HALE & CO., Hartford, Conn.

AGENTS WANTED FOR
MEN OF OUR DAY;

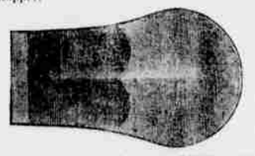
Or biographies of over 50 of the most prominent men of the nation, including Grant, Sherman, Colfax, Sumner, Stanton, Sheridan, Grant, Kelley, Jay Cooke, Curtin, Trumbull, Fenton, Buckingham, Wilson, Greeley, Wade, Morton, Phillips, Farragut, Chase, Logan, Stevens, Beecher, and others. Embellished with over 40 steel-like Steel Portraits on tinted paper. Only book with all these. Agents wanted. Full description and terms free. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., 723 Sansom St., Philadelphia, Pa.

CIRCULAR, MILL, MULAY, GANG & CROSS CUT SAWS.

Every Saw that leaves our Factory is Oil Tempered and Patent Ground, perfectly true and even, and made of uniform temper by our patent tempering process.

AXES,

Common shape, as good as the best. The RED JACKET (Colburn's Patent) AXE cannot be excelled. We guaranty they will cut 25 per cent. more than common Axes, with less labor to the chopper.



Send for circular and prices to LIPPINCOTT & BAKEWELL, Pittsburgh, Pa., Sole Manufact'rs. For Sale by principal Hardware Dealers.

MARR & LANGMAN'S
PATENT LIQUID BISULPHATE OF LIME.

A Certain Preservative of Eggs, Fruit, Meat, &c., for any length of time. For sale by Druggists and Grocers.

WOODEN WATER PIPE,
GAS PIPE,
AND EAVE TROUGH!

The best and cheapest article ever offered. Everybody, particularly Farmers and Miners, send for a free descriptive circular and price list to J. A. WOODWARD, Wilkesbarre, Pa.

AGENTS WANTED.

People who are in want of good Agents, who are selling all kinds of Sewing Machines, are requested to address me immediately, stating what machine they sell. Address, J. K. DEARBORN, 5 Charlestown, Mass.

IND

Farmer's Department.

Work in the Farmer's Garden.

FIRST, we urge every farmer to make a good garden; it would seem superfluous to press this matter on a class which, more than any other, possesses the facilities for making gardens, and which, perhaps needs, more than any other, its products and the influence which its culture and possession exerts on the physical and social elements of the household. The farmer has the land, the teams, the tools, the manures, and the time necessary to the creation of a garden, and if he does not use them to this end he comes short of performing a very important duty to himself and those dependent on him. Yet we fear it is a fact that the majority of farmers in this country fail to perform this duty and they suffer, as a natural and just punishment, not only the want of the comforts and luxuries the garden would produce, but diseases are induced by the use of unseasonable food, and discontent of the farmer's life and vocation reigns in the family. Make the farmer's life and work pleasant, as it is designed to be, and another generation will see the cities overflow into the country, instead of draining, as now, its energy, ambition and very life-blood for their maintenance. The garden should be for the whole family, and each member should plan for it, have a personal interest in the cultivation of some of its products, and share in its labors and rewards. It should produce vegetables, fruits and flowers, be a spot to which all turn with eagerness to labor, and where every rural desire may in some measure at least, find gratification.

It is time now to engage vigorously in the work of planting; the fruit yard should be stocked with trees for a family supply,—early and late cherries, plums, pears, quinces, two or three early apple trees, peaches, nectarines and apricots. Place the hardiest trees on the most exposed side, and leave the sunny, warm part for tender ones and for vines, &c. Plant grape vines, and a very liberal space to currants, raspberries, gooseberries, blackberries, and lastly, but not least, strawberries. The berry fruits will supply you for three months in the summer, each day, with fresh fruit, and if you are wise and grow enough, during the other nine months you may have them almost as fresh in cans. If we could only persuade a farmer to grow enough of these fruits for one year, we would have no fears, unless he was decidedly heathenish in his character, that he would neglect their cultivation in the future. The vegetable garden need not be so large as the fruit yard. But the soil should be of the very best kind; it should be dry, free from stone, rich, and well and deeply worked. Get a good location and you can supply the other requirements. First in the season—as soon as possible now—plant peas, early and late varieties, potatoes, lettuce, onions, beets. Later in the season, corn, cabbage, melons, squashes, cucumbers, tomatoes, &c. Have also an asparagus bed, and grow celery, parsnips, radishes, salsify, &c. We cannot here give a manual of operation; but if you only get about the work in earnest, knowledge of its requirements will come in due time.

We said you wanted to cultivate flowers. Perhaps we were mistaken; you do not. You think these are useless, costly, and you can't see that they pay. Well, your wife wants them, your daughters will prize them higher than the matter-of-fact corn, cabbage and potatoes; and if you only aid them in preparing the ground, furnish suitable tools, we will answer for it they will give you no further trouble about the flowers. Of course, you cannot be selfish and refuse to their more refined tastes that which may not gratify your own, and we will predict that after the flowers have bloomed for one season you will make no objections to them, and, indeed, if need be, will be willing to devote considerable work to their cultivation.

A Few Slight Hints.

SAW DUST AND CHIP MANURE, or fine pieces of wood and bark from the wood house, are excellent articles for promoting the growth of vines, shrubs and small plants. They should be thrown into a pile, after removing the coarser portions of the mass, and thoroughly saturated once or twice a week, with a mixture of urine and soap suds. This will induce incipient fermentation and so far break down the texture of the mass as to prepare it to act with energy when applied to any soil or crop.

SALT AND ASHES FOR ANIMALS.—A mixture of wood ashes and salt, three parts of the former to one of the latter, constitutes an excellent mixture for all domestic animals. Its alkalescent and saline qualities, are both congenial to the animal system, and when used in proper quantities, and at proper times, are highly promotive of health.

WHITEWASH ON FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES.—The practice of coating the bark of fruit and ornamental trees with whitewash, is one that cannot be too severely deprecated. The obstruction of the perspiratory organs and orifices of the trunk, whether effected by the application of whitewash or any other adhesive material, always acts as a fruitful source of disease, and, in time, proves fatal to the tree. When the bark becomes rough or incrusted with moss, it should be cleansed by scraping and washing down thoroughly with a solution of potash or soda in water, affording smoothness to the surface, without obstructing the pores.

OCCUPY ALL THE SOIL.—When lands have been plowed and prepared for the reception of seeds, it should all be occupied—no waste land allowed. Wide margins around corn and potato fields, and large baulks may be profitably occupied with a variety of crops. The corners of the fields, and indeed many places on the premises which it costmoney and labor to enclose, should never be unoccupied, but filled by the introduction of some production that may be turned to valuable account.—*Germantown Telegraph.*

AN ITEM FOR FARMERS.—A correspondent to an agricultural journal, who writes over the *nom de plume* of "Farmer," says that the tires on his wagons wear out before they get loose, and the reason is, he saturates the felloes thoroughly with linseed oil before the tires are set. The felloes are placed in hot oil for about an hour, and are thus rendered perfectly water-proof, so that the shrinking and swelling that loosens the tire are prevented.

For the Young Folks.

Cherry the Frog-Bride.

CONCLUDED.

THE father embraced the lucky youth, told his servants to throw the coarse linen in to the sea, and said to his children, "Now you must set about the second task which I am to give you;—bring me home a little dog so small that it will lie in a nutshell."

His sons were not a little frightened at such a task: but they all longed for the crown, and made up their minds to go and try their hands; and so, after a few days, they set out once more on their travels. At the cross-way they parted as before; and the youngest chose his old dreary rugged road, with all the bright hopes that his former good luck gave him. Scarcely had he sat himself down again at the bridge foot when his old friend the frog jumped out, set itself beside him, and as before opened its big wide mouth, and croaked out, "What is the matter?" The prince had this time no doubt of the frog's power, and therefore told what he wanted. "It shall be done for you," said the frog; and springing into the stream it soon brought up a hazel-nut, laid it at his feet, and told him to take it home to his father, and crack it gently, and then see what would happen. The prince went his way very well pleased, and the frog, tired with its task, jumped back into the water.

His brothers had reached home first, and brought with them a great many very pretty little dogs. There were Wag-tails, Cur-tails, and Bob-tails, Crops and Brushes, Spitzes, and Sprightlies, Fans and Frisks, Diamonds and Dashes, enough to stock the bowers of all the fair ladies in the land. The old king, willing to help them all he could, sent for a large walnut-shell, and tried it with every one of the little dogs. But one stuck fast with the hind-foot out, another with the head out, and a third with the fore-foot, a fourth with its tail out—in short, some one way and some another; but none were at all likely to sit easily in this new kind of kennel. When all had been tried, the youngest made his father a dutiful bow, and gave him the hazel-nut, begging him to crack it very carefully. The moment this was done out ran a beautiful little white dog upon the king's hand; and it wagged its tail, bowed to and fondled its new master; and soon turned about and barked at the other little beasts in the most graceful manner, to the delight of the whole court; and then went back and lay down in its kennel without a bit of either tail, ear or foot peeping out. The joy of every one was great; the old king again embraced his lucky son, told his people to drown all the other dogs in the sea, and said to his children, "Dear sons, your weightiest tasks are now over, listen to my last wish: whoever brings home the fairest lady shall be at once the heir to my crown.",

The prize was so tempting, and the chance so fair for all, that none made any doubts about setting to work, each in his own way, to try and be the winner. The youngest was not in such good spirits as he was the last time; he thought to himself, "The old frog has been able to do a great deal for me, but all its power must be nothing to me now: for where should it find me a fair maiden, and a fairer maiden too than was ever seen at my father's court? The swamps where it lives have no living things in them but toads, snakes, and such vermin." Meanti me he went on, and sighed as he sat down again with a heavy heart by the bridge. "Ah, frog!" said he, "this time thou canst do me no good." "Never mind," croaked the frog, "only tell me what is the matter now." Then the prince told his old friend what trouble had now come upon him. "Go thy ways home!" said the frog; "the fair maiden will follow hard after: but take care, and do not laugh at whatever may happen!" This said, it sprang as before into the water, and was soon out of sight.

The prince still sighed on, for he trusted very little this time to the frog's word; but he had not set many steps towards home before he heard a noise behind him, and looking round saw six large water-rats dragging along, at full trot, a large pumpkin cut out into the shape of a coach. On the box sat an old fat toad, as coachman; and behind stood two little frogs, as footmen; and two fine mice, with st ately whiskers, ran on before, as outriders. Within sat his old friend the frog, rather misshapen and unseemly to be sure, but still with somewhat of a graceful air, as it bowed, and kissed its hand to him in passing.

The prince was much too deeply wrapt up in thought as to his chance of finding the fair lady whom he was seeking, to take any heed of the strange scene before him. He scarcely looked at it, and had still less mind to laugh. The coach passed on a little way, and soon turned a corner that hid it from his sight; but how astonished was he, on turning the corner himself, to find a handsome coach and six black horses standing there, with a coachman in gay livery, and with the most beautiful lady he had ever seen sitting inside! And who should it be but the long-lost Cherry for whom his heart had so long ago panted, and whom he knew again the moment he saw her! As he came up, one of the footmen made him a low bow, as he let down the steps and opened the coach door: and he was allowed to get in, and seat himself by the beautiful lady's side.

They soon came to his father's city, where his brothers also came, with trains of fair ladies; but as soon as Cherry was seen, all the court, with one voice, gave the prize to her, as the most beautiful. The delighted father embraced his son, and named him the heir to his crown; and ordered all the other ladies to be sent to keep company with the little dogs. Then the prince married Cherry, and lived long and happily with her; and indeed lives with her still—if he be not dead.

The Shepherd and the Sea.

A SHEPHERD moved down his flock to feed near the shore, and beholding the Sea lying in a smooth and breathless calm, he was seized with a strong desire to sail over it. So he sold all his sheep and bought a cargo of dates, and loaded a vessel and set sail. He had not gone far when a storm arose; his ship was wrecked, and his dates and every thing lost, and he himself with difficulty escaped to land. Not long after, when the Sea was again calm, and one of his friends came up to him and was admiring its repose, he said, "Have a care, my good fellow, of that smooth surface, it is only looking out for your dates."

DRUGS & MEDICINES.

HOOFLAND'S

GERMAN BITTERS.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,

AND

Hoofland's German Tonic.

Prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

The Great Remedies

FOR ALL DISEASES OF THE

LIVER, STOMACH, or

DIGESTIVE ORGANS.

Hoofland's German Bitters

Is compounded of the pure juices, (or as they are medicinally term Roots, Barks ing a preparation, tracted, and entire vegetable substance of any kind.

Hoofland's German Tonic,

Is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters, with the purest quality of *Santa Cruz* Rum, Orange, etc., making one of the most pleasant and agreeable remedies ever offered to the public.

Those preferring a Medicine free from Alcoholic admixture, will use

Hoofland's German Bitters.

In cases of nervous depression, when some alcoholic stimulus is necessary,

Hoofland's German Tonic

should be used.

The Bitters or the Tonic are both equally good, and contain the same medicinal virtues.

The stomach, from a variety of causes, such as Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, etc., is very apt to have its functions deranged. The result of which is, that the patient suffers from several or more of the following diseases:

Constipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Fulness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, etc., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits.

These remedies will effectually cure Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Chronic Diarrhœa, Disease of the Kidneys, and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver, Stomach, or Intestines.

DEBILITY,

RESULTING FROM ANY CAUSE WHATEVER; PROSTRATION OF THE SYSTEM, INDUCED BY SEVERE LABOR, HARDSHIPS, EXPOSURE, FEVERS, ETC.

There is no medicine extant equal to these remedies in such cases. A tone and vigor is imparted to the whole System, the Appetite is Strengthened, food is enjoyed, the stomach digests promptly, the blood is purified, the complexion becomes sound and healthy, the yellow tinge is eradicated from the eyes, a bloom is given to the cheeks, and the weak and nervous invalid becomes a strong and healthy being.

Persons Advanced in Life,

And feeling the hand of time weighing heavily upon them, with all its attendant ills, will find in the use of this BITTERS, or the TONIC, an elixir that will instil new life into their veins, restore in a measure the energy and ardor of more youthful days, build up their shrunken forms, and give health and happiness to their remaining years.

NOTICE.

It is a well-established fact that fully one-half of the female part of the population are seldom in the enjoyment of good health; or, in other words, never feel well. They are languid, devoid of all energy, extremely nervous, and have no appetite.

To this class of persons the BITTERS, or the TONIC, is especially recommended.

WEAK AND DELICATE CHILDREN

Are made strong by the use of either of these remedies. They will cure every case of MARASMUS, without fail.

Thousands of certificates have accumulated in the hands of the proprietor, but space will allow of the publishing of but a few. Those, it will be observed, are men of note and of such standing that they must be believed.

TESTIMONIALS.

Hon. Geo. W. Woodward,

Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pa., writes.

Philadelphia, March 16, 1867.

"I find 'Hoofland's German Bitters' is a good tonic, useful in diseases of the digestive organs, and of great benefit in cases of debility, and want of nervous action in the system.

Yours truly,

"GEO. W. WOODWARD."

Hon. James Thompson,

Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

Philadelphia, April 28, 1866

"I consider 'Hoofland's German Bitters' a valuable medicine in case of attacks of indigestion or Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience of it.

Yours, with respect,

"JAMES THOMPSON."

From Rev. Joseph H. Kennard, D.D.,

Pastor of the Tenth Baptist Church, Philadelphia.

Dr. Jackson—Dear Sir: I have been frequently requested to connect my name with recommendations of different kinds of medicines, but, regarding the practice as out of my sphere, I have declined all cases hitherto; but with a clear proof in various instances and particularly in my own family, of the usefulness of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, I depart for once from my usual course, to express my full confidence that, for general debility of the system, and especially for Liver Complaint, it is a safe and valuable preparation. In some cases it may fail; but usually, I doubt not, it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above causes.

Yours, very respectfully,

J. H. KENNARD,

Eighth, below Coates St.

From Rev. E. D. Fendall,

Assistant Editor Christian Chronicle, Philadelphia.

I have derived decided benefit from the use of Hoofland's German Bitters, and feel it my privilege to recommend them as a most valuable tonic to all who are suffering from general debility or from diseases arising from derangement of the liver.

Yours truly,

E. D. SENDALL.

CAUTION.

Hoofland's German Remedies are counterfeited. See that the signature of C. M. JACKSON is on the wrapper of each bottle. All others are counterfeit.

Principal Office and Manufactory at the German Medicine Store, No. 631 ARCH Street, Philadelphia.

CHARLES M. EVANS,

German Druggist, Proprietor,

Formerly C. M. Jackson & Co.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicines.

PRICES.

Hoofland's German Bitters, per bottle.....$1 00
" " half dozen.....5 00
Hoofland's German Tonic, put up in quart bottles.....1 50
" " per bottle, or a half dozen for.....7 50

☞ Do not forget to examine well the article you buy, in order to get the genuine.

HOOFLAND'S

GERMAN TONIC.

January 31, 1868.

DRY GOODS.

MILLER'S STORE.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

The subscriber has just returned from the cities with another large and select assortment of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

purchased in New York and Philadelphia at the lowest figure, and which he is determined to sell on as moderate terms as can be procured else where in Bloomsburg. His stock comprises

LADIES' DRESS GOODS

of the choicest styles and latest fashions, together with a large assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries, consisting of the following articles:

Carpets,
Oil Cloths,
Cloths,
Cassimeres,
Shawls,
Flannels,
Silks,
White Goods,
Linens,
Hoop Skirts,
Muslins,
Hollowware
Cedarware
Hardware
Queensware,
Boots and Shoes,
Hats and Caps,
Hoop Nets,
Umbrellas,
Looking-Glasses,
Tobacco,
Coffee,
Sugars,
Teas,
Rice,
Allspice,
Ginger,
Cinnamon,
Nutmegs,

AND NOTIONS GENERALLY.

In short, everything usually kept in country stores, to which he invites the attention of the public generally. The highest price will be paid for country produce in exchange for goods.

S. H. MILLER & SON.

Arcade Buildings, Bloomsburg, Pa.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES

AT PETER ENT'S STORE,

IN LIGHT STREET,

OF

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

THE subscriber has just received and has on hand at his old stand in Light Street, a large and select

ASSORTMENT OF MERCHANDISE

purchased at the lowest figure, and which he determined to sell on as moderate terms as be procured elsewhere in Light Street,

FOR CASH OR COUNTRY PRODUCE.

His stock consists of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

choicest styles and latest fashions,

Calicoes, Muslins,
Ginghams, Flannels,
Hosiery, Carpets,
Silks, Shawls,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Satinetts, Cassimers,
Cottonades, Kentucky Jeans,
&C., &C &C.

GROCERIES, MACKEREL,

Queensware, Cedarware, Hardware, Medicines, Drugs, Oils, Paints, &c.

BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS.

In short everything usually kept in a country store. The patronage of his old friends and the public generally, is respectfully solicited.

The highest market price paid for country produce. PETER ENT.

Light Street, Nov. 8 1867.

J. J. BROWER,

Is now offering to the public his Stock of

SPRING GOODS

consisting in part of a full line of

INGRAIN, WOOL AND RAG

CARPETS,

Fine cloths and cassimere for Ladies' coats,

HANDSOME DRESS GOODS,

of all patterns and qualities, Inlaids and Prints of various qualities and prices,

BLEACHED AND BROWN MUSLINS,

LADIE'S FRENCH CORSETS,

AND

BALMORAL SKIRTS.

Good assortment of

LADIES' & CHILDREN'S GAITERS & BOOTS.

Fresh Groceries and Spices. New assortment

GLASS AND QUEENS-WARE,

FX—NO. 1 MACKEREL

in one-half and one-fourth barrels.

Now is the time to make your selections, as I am offering goods at very low prices, and our motto is fair dealing to all, and not to be undersold by any. J. J. BROWER.

Bloomsburg, April 12, 1867.

HURRAH FOR CATAWISSA!

THIS WAY FOR BARGAINS.

Goods to compare with stringency of the money market. Look and compare prices before purchasing elsewhere. Just call at the favorite business stand of

McNINCH & SHUMAN,

and you will be met by the obliging proprietors or their clerks, and shown through their great variety store free of charge, of course. They will give you a fair chance to spend your loose change, they trust much more profitably than it can be spent elsewhere. Their

STOCK OF DRY GOODS

this Spring is much larger in all its varieties than usual. Their

LADIES' DRESS GOODS

are of the nicest styles in market. They have a fine assortment of

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES,

SUMMER CLOTHS, CASSINETS,

CASSIMERES, AND VESTINGS,

and numerous articles common to such establishments, besides a general assortment of

HARDWARE, TINWARE, QUEENSWARE,

AND GROCERIES,

all at greatly reduced prices. They wish to conduct their business on the system of

"PAY AS YOU GO,"

and they think they can afford to sell very cheap. They return their thanks for many past favors, and ask the future patronage of their former customers and the public generally.

McNINCH & SHUMAN.

NEW YORK PIANO FORTE

COMPANY,

(CHARTERED MARCH 1866.)

Manufacturers of

GRAND AND SQUARE

AGRAFFE PIANO-FORTES.

No. 540 and 542 Second Avenue,

(CORNER OF 20th STREET,)

NEW YORK

Send for descriptive Catalogue and Price List. April 24, '68 3m.

Thomson's Crown Crinolines

Are Charming for Lightness.

Thomson's Crown Crinolines

Are Superior for Elasticity.

Thomson's Crown Crinolines

Are unequalled for Durability.

Thomson's Crown Crinolines

In a word, are the best in the world, and more widely known than any other.

At wholesale by

THOMSON, LANGDON & Co.,

April 24, '68-3m. 491 Broadway New York.

M. ARTMAN. C. H. DILLINGER. E. R. RATMAN.

ARTMAN, DILLINGER & CO.,

NO. 226 NORTH THIRD STREET,

(*Nearly opposite James, Kent, Stokes & Co.*)

Wholesale Dealers in

YARNS, BATTING, WADDING, CARPETS

OIL CLOTHS, SHADES, FLY NETS,

GRAIN BAGS, CORDAGE, &C. ALSO,

WILLOW AND WOODEN WARE,

BRUSHES, TRUNKS, LOOKING GLASSES, ETC.

May 16, 1867-1y.

ROWE, EUSTON & CO.,

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

COTTON YARNS, CARPET CHAINS,

BATTS, WICKS, TIE YARNS, CORDAGE,

BROOMS, WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,

LOOKING GLASSES, CLOCKS, FANCY BASKETS

TABLE, FLOOR, AND CARRIAGE

OIL CLOTHS, &c.,

No. 809 Market Street, south side,

Philadelphia.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SOMETHING NEW.

The undersigned begs leave to inform her friends and the public generally, that she has opened in

LIGHT STREET

a fresh stock of goods in the line of

MILLINERY and TRIMMINGS

in connection with Dress Making; and is prepared in addition, to

COLOR STRAW HATS

on the shortest notice, and in the best style of the art. Prices cheap and work satisfactory.

MRS. E. KLINE.

Light Street, October 4, 1867.

MISS LIZZIE BARKLEY

has just returned from Philadelphia, and has bought, and is now offering the best assortment of

FANCY GOODS,

TRIMMINGS,

BONNETS &c. &c.,

ever exhibited in Bloomsburg, and is prepared to make up dresses and all other articles of female wardrobe, at short notice, and in the best and

LATEST SPRING STYLES.

Rooms in the Ramsey Buildings, on West Main Street. Call and see her varied stock of Spring Goods.

May 1, '68.

THE GREAT PRIZE!

EXPOSITION UNIVERSELLE, PARIS, 1867.

"THE HOWE SEWING MACHINE CO."

Awarded over Eighty-two Competitors,

THE HIGHEST PREMIUM,

THE ONLY CROSS OF THE LEGION OF H NOR

and

GOLD MEDAL

given to American Sewing Machines, per imperial Decree, published in the "Moniteur Universel" (Official Journal of the French Empire), Tuesday 2d July, 1867, in these words:

ELIAS HOWE, JR. { Fabricante, de Machines a coure exposant, Manufacturer of Sewing Machines, Exhibitor.

This double first honor is another proof of the great superiority of the Howe Sewing Machines over all others.

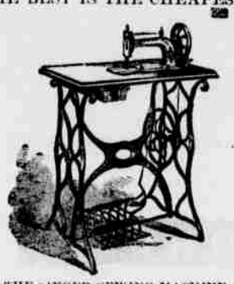
SIBLEY & STROOPS,

No. 23 South Eight Street.

Agents for Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware and Western Virginia.

Feb. 14'68-3m.

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST!



THE SINGER SEWING MACHINE

HEADS THE LIST,

And leads the column 4,008 ahead of all others. This Machine is the

MOST POPULAR IN USE.

It uses the finest needle of any Machine in existence,

Any lady wanting a good

SEWING MACHINE,

Will consult her own interests by buying a SINGER. It is easier to run, learn and keep in order than any Machine in the world.

OVER 550,000 OF THESE IN USE.

The fullest instruction given those who purchase, and the Machine WILL BE WARRANTED to you for one year.

Please call at my Store and satisfy yourselves. Here you will find Notions, Tinsel and Silk.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Agent

April 3, '68-1f. Bloomsburg, Pa.

THE AMERICAN HAY KNIFE

AND FORK.—We the undersigned citizens of Columbia County, have witnessed the trial of hay forks on the farm of Mr. Pursel, in Hemlock Township, on Monday, May 7, 1866, between the American Hay Knife and Fork manufactured by SLIFER, WALLS, SHRINER & Co., of Lewisburg, Pa., and the Rundel's Patent Hay Hook. The American Fork lifted more hay in one draught than the Rundel in three. We are satisfied it will take as much hay into the mow as two good horses can draw. We also saw it cutting hay, and think it cannot be beat as a hay knife, and cheerfully recommend it as the best hay fork and knife we have ever seen.

C. BITTENBENDER, DR. F. C. HARRISON,
W. R. KOONS, JOHN BOAK,
JOHN DEITERICK, DANIEL NOYER,
H. DIGLEMILLER, SYLVESTER PURSEL,
MICHAEL HELLER, JOHN WOLF.

They also manufacture the celebrated Buckeye Reaper and Mower, and other agricultural implements.

COLUMBIA HOUSE,

BY

BERNARD STOHNER.

HAVING lately purchased and fitted up the well-known Robison House Property, located a

FEW DOORS ABOVE THE COURT HOUSE,

on the same side of the street, in the town of Bloomsburg; and having obtained a license for the same as a

RESTAURANT,

the Proprietor has determined to give to the people visiting the town on business or pleasure,

A LITTLE MORE BOOM.

His stabling also is extensive, and is fitted up to put buggies and carriages in the dry. He promises that everything about his establishment shall be conducted in an orderly and lawful manner; and he respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage. [may17'67-6m.

ESTABLISHED 1793.

JORDAN & BROTHER,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

and Dealers in

SALTPETRE AND BRIMSTONE,

No 209 North Third Street,

Philadelphia.

J. P. BEARD,

with LIPPINCOTT, BOND & CO.,

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

HATS, CAPS, FURS, AND STRAW GOODS,

No. 413 Market Street,

Philadelphia.

SNYDER, HARRIS & BASSETT,

Manufacturers and Jobbers of

MEN'S AND BOY'S CLOTHING,

Nos. 525 Market, and 522 Commerce Street,

Philadelphia.

G. W. BLABON & CO.,

Manufacturers of

OIL CLOTHS AND WINDOW SHADES,

Warehouse, No. 124 North Third Street

Philadelphia.

I. H. WALTER,

Late Walter & Kaub,

Importer and Dealer in

CHINA, GLASS, AND QUEENSWARE,

No. 251 North Third Street,

between Race and Vine

Philadelphia.

C. H. BORNE. W. S. KING. J. B. SEYBERT

ANDREWS, WILKINS & CO.,

Dealers in

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,

No. 505 Market Street,

Philadelphia.

JOHN STROUP & CO.,

Successors to Stroup & Brother,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN FISH,

No. 24 North Wharves, and 25 North Water St.,

Philadelphia.

JUST RECEIVED—The cheapest HOOP SKIRTS in the county at

Mar. 13, '68—tf L. T. & HARPLER'S.

GROCERIES, &c.,

CONFECTIONERY.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the public that he has opened a

FIRST-CLASS CONFECTIONERY STORE,

in the building lately occupied by Bernard Stohner, where he is prepared to furnish all kinds of

PLAIN & FANCY CANDIES,

FRENCH CANDIES,

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC FRUITS,

NUTS, RAISINS, &C., &C., &C.

BY WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

In short, a full assortment of all goods in his line of business. A great variety of

DOLLS, TOYS, &c.,

suitable for the Holidays. Particular attention given to

BREAD AND CAKES,

of all kinds, fresh every day.

CHRISTMAS CANDIES,

CHISTMAS TOYS.

A call is solicited, and satisfaction will be guaranteed.

Nov. 22, 1867. ECKHART JACOBS.

REMOVAL OF

C. C. MARR'S

NEW STORE

TO SHIVE'S BLOCK,

ON THE CORNER OF MARKET AND IRON STREETS.

The undersigned having received from the city a full and complete supply of

SPRING AND SUMMER

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES,

NOTIONS,

TIN-WARE AND HARD-WARE,

CEDAR AND WILLOW-WARE,

CONFECTIONERY, GLASS-WARE,

TOBACCO,

HATS AND SHOES,

FLOUR, SALT, FISH, AND MEAT,

all of which I propose selling at a very low figure for cash or produce.

☞ Call and see.

April 12, 1867. C. C. MARR.

GRAND OPENING

GRAND OPENING
GRAND OPENING
GRAND OPENING
GRAND OPENING

OF

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

consisting of
consisting of
consisting of
consisting of
consisting of

DRY GOODS,
DRY GOODS,
DRY GOODS,
DRY GOODS,
DRY GOODS,

HATS AND CAPS,
HATS AND CAPS,
HATS AND CAPS,
HATS AND CAPS,
HATS AND CAPS,

BOOTS AND SHOES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,

READY-MADE CLOTHING,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,

LOOKING-GLASSES,
LOOKING-GLASSES,
LOOKING-GLASSES,
LOOKING-GLASSES,
LOOKING-GLASSES,

NOTIONS,
NOTIONS,
NOTIONS,
NOTIONS,
NOTIONS,

PAINTS AND OILS,
PAINTS AND OILS,
PAINTS AND OILS,
PAINTS AND OILS,
PAINTS AND OILS,

GROCERIES,
GROCERIES,
GROCERIES,
GROCERIES,
GROCERIES,

QUEENSWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
QUEENSWARE,

HARDWARE,
HARDWARE,
HARDWARE,
HARDWARE,
HARDWARE,

TINWARE,
TINWARE,
TINWARE,
TINWARE,
TINWARE

SALT,
SALT,
SALT,
SALT,
SALT,

FISH,
FISH,
FISH,
FISH,
FISH,

GRAIN AND SEEDS,
GRAIN AND SEEDS,
GRAIN AND SEEDS,
GRAIN AND SEEDS,
GRAIN AND SEEDS,

&c., &c. &c.,

AT

McKELVY, NEAL & CO.'S,
McKELVY, NEAL & CO.'S,
McKELVY, NEAL & CO.'S,
McKELVY, NEAL & CO.'S,
McKELVY, NEAL & CO.'S,

Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets,
Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets,
Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets,
Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets,
Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

in large quantities and at reduced rates, always on hand.

SCHELL, BERGER & CO.,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Dealers in

FISH, SALT, CHEESE, PROVISIONS, &c.,

Nos. 122 and 124 North Wharves, above Arch St.,

Philadelphia.

Sole agents for Wilcox's Wheel Grease, in barrels, kegs, and cans.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

N. E. Corner Second and Arch Streets,

PHILADELPHIA.

Dealers in

TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES, RICE, SPICES, BI CARB SODA, &C., &C.

☞ Orders will receive prompt attention.

May 10, 1867-1y.

H. V. PETERMAN,

with LIPPINCOTT & TROTTER,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

No. 21 North Water Street,

and No. 20 North Delaware Avenue

Philadelphia.

WEAVER & SPRANKLE,

WHOLESALE GROCERIES AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Nos. 225 and 227 Arch Street

Philadelphia.

M. M. MARPLE,

NOTIONS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, AND FANCY GOODS,

No. 51 North Third Street,

Philadelphia.

LATELY OPENED.

The undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity, that he has just opened a shop on Iron Street, between Main and Third, where he will follow the cabinet making business in all its branches. Orders for

METALLIC OR OTHER COFFINS

filled with promptness and despatch. Repairs cheaply made to all kinds of furniture, including the replanting of cane-bottomed chairs. Patterns for castings made neatly and expeditiously, and orders are solicited either in person or by mail. Picture frames made to order at short notice. ROBERT ROAN.

April 19, '68-tf.

MERCHANT'S HOTEL,

46 NORTH FOURTH STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

J. & W. G. M'KIBBIN, Proprietors.

May 10, 1867-1y.

HARDWARE & CUTLERY.

CHARLES W. SNYDER,

DEALER IN

HARDWARE,

IRON, NAILS, STEEL, &C., &C., &C.

MAIN STREET, BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

Take this method of informing the citizens of Columbia county, that he has opened an extensive Hardware store on Main street, in Bloomsburg, near Iron street, and that he has on hand a LARGER STOCK AND BETTER ASSORTED than can be found any where else in the county, and which he intends to sell at prices which defy competition.

CHAINS, AXES, STEEL, IRON.

I have chains, all sizes, axes, all make and weight, steel, all sizes, iron, all shapes, and all very low.

BUILDER'S HARDWARE,

of every descriptions. Nails, axle pulleys, sash cords, latches, locks and knobs, butt screws, sash fasts, window springs, base knobs, strap hinges, hasps and staples, hooks and staples, and in fact everything needed in that line.

COACH & WAGON MAKERS' HARDWARE

embracing almost every thing in that line. Also

HARNESS MAKERS' HARDWARE,

Buckles, Japanned; buckles, silver plated; bitts of every kind, HAMES, iron; pad trees; HAMES, wood; saddle trees, gig trees, girth web, worsted and cotton; thread, silk, awls and needles, tools of all kinds.

SHOEMAKER'S HARDWARE.

A full assortment for carpenters. I have planes—all kinds, saws; hand, pannel, rip, and compass, squares—steel, iron, and try; boring machines, chisles, augers, bevels, mallets, braces, gauges, plows, rules, bits, and about everything for carpenters.

FOR THE PEOPLE GENERALLY

I have coal
hods, coal
shovels, scoops,
coal sifters, lanterns, table cutlery, pocket
cutlery, plated spoons,
plated forks, servers, tea and coffee pots, butter knives, nail saws,
cross cut saws, circular saws, gang saws,
files, horse shoes, screwdrivers, rivets, hammers, hatchets, mattocks, picks, forks, grubbing hoes, shovels, spades, spading forks, hoes, rakes, bed pins, twine, skates, pllws, coffin trimmings, Emery, red chalk, white chalk, wire, horse nails, meat cutters, scales, wash boards, horse buckets, wooden pails, clothes pins, glue, door mats, porch mats, parlor mats, corn poppers, paint
brushes, horse brushes, sleigh
bells, heel caks, enameled kettles, brass kettles,
copper kettles,
stew kettles, sauce
pans, broad
axes, nails,

Sledges, curtain fixtures,
Thimble skeins and boxes,
Pumps, lead pipe, etc.,

Tarred rope and hundreds of articles not enumerated constantly on hand at

CHARLES W. SNYDER'S,

Main Street, Bloomsburg.

GEORGE H. ROBERTS,

Importer and Dealer in

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS, &c.,

No. 311 North Third Street, above Vine,

Philadelphia.

JACOB K. SMITH. J. R. SELTZER

SMITH & SELTZER,

Importers and Dealers in Foreign and Domestic

HARDWARE,

GUNS, CUTLERY, &C.,

NO. 89 N. THIRD STREET, AB. CALLOWHILL,

PHILADELPHIA.

Nov. 22, '67-tf.

IRON, TINWARE, &C.

NATIONAL FOUNDRY,

Bloomsburg, Columbia County, Pa.

The subscriber, proprietor of the above-named extensive establishment, is now prepared to receive orders for all kinds of

MACHINERY FOR COLLIERIES, BLAST

FURNACES, STATIONARY ENGINES,

MILLS, THRESHING MACHINES, &c

He is also prepared to make Stoves of all sizes and patterns, Plow-irons, and everything usually made in first-class Foundries.

His extensive facilities and practical workmen warrant him in receiving the largest contracts on the most reasonable terms.

Grain of all kinds will be taken in exchange for Castings.

This establishment is located near the Lackawanna and Bloomsburg Railroad Depot.

PETER BILLMYER.

STOVES AND TINWARE.

A. M. RUPERT

announces to his friends and customers that continues the above business at his old place on

MAIN STREET, BLOOMSBURG.

Customers can be accomodated with

FANCY STOVES

of all kinds, Stovepipes, Tinware, and every variety of article found in a Stove and Tinware Establishment in the cities, and on the most reasonable terms. Repairing done at the